A PAPER FOR THE PEOPLE.
A FIRESIDE COMPANION.
It is true if you see it in THE BEE. Congressional pictures
DON'T BORROW THIS PAPER

THE BEE.
WASHINGTON

The Bee
—IS A—
GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM.
TRY IT!
Do you want reliable news? Do you want a fearless race advocate? Do you want colored trade? Read and advertise in THE BEE!

VOL. 20. WASHINGTON, D. C. SATURDAY APRIL 5, 1902. NO. 44

AN AFRICAN SHRINE.

"Long Ju-Ju," Mecca of the Slaves of Fetichism.

Gruesome Place Where Hundreds of Human Lives Are Sacrificed Every Year—Mysteries of the Retreat Revealed.

Fifty human lives are sacrificed every year at the "Long Ju-Ju," one of the many fetich centers that dot the jungles of central and western Africa, in order that evil spirits may be banished from the land and the wrath of the gods appeased. The "Long Ju-Ju" is one of the most notorious and most powerful meccas of the slaves of fetichism. It is here that hundreds of the superstitious natives pile up their material offerings to the spirits and journey in resolute bands to deposit the relics of Ju-Ju rites.

Some interesting figures concerning the "Long Ju-Ju" have just come out of the interior from a correspondent with the Aro expedition. It is estimated that every year 500 pilgrims journey to the sacred spot to receive the fetich decree and advice which is vouchsafed to them by the recognized powers. To most of them it is a dear experience. About 50 of them are sacrificed annually in order that their skulls may be offered to the gods, while fully 200 people are sold into slavery. The remainder are allowed to go away free.

The "Long Ju-Ju" is one of the most fascinating spots in western Africa to the curiously inclined explorer. On account of its sacred holdings it is closely guarded by the natives, and it is by no means easy of access, even when the traveler is accompanied by an experienced and licensed guide. The utmost secrecy is observed in approaching its entrance. In addition to the difficulties the conducting of a visitor to the Ju-Ju is a somewhat lengthy process. When he arrives in the immediate vicinity of the uncanny spot he is led by a circuitous route and finally is marched in backwards.

The approach to the Ju-Ju is through dense bush, which gradually becomes thicker and thicker, until the entrance is reached. The Ju-Ju is an oval-shaped pit 70 feet deep, 60 yards long, and 50 yards wide. In entering the visitor climbs down the precipitous sides of rock into a narrow gorge and into running water. The water gushes forth from the solid rock in two large streams, which unite below a small island, on which are two altars, one made from many trade guns stuck muzzle downwards in the ground and topped with human skulls. The other is made of wood and supports more skulls, bones, feathers, blood, eggs and other votive offerings to the Ju-Ju, including the head of the last victim.

Over the rock from which the running water springs is a roof of human skulls with a curtain, the top part of which is composed of clothes and the lower part of native matting, screening the rock and hanging just short of the water's edge. The lower portions of the rock composing the other sides of this crater are draped with mats only.

The sacrificial functions of the Ju-Ju are performed on the left side of the entrance, opposite the island, where a flat-topped ledge has been hewn out of the rock. The waters as well as the walls and whole interior of the charnel-house abound in fetich lore. The pool is about 12 inches deep and abounds in tame, lazy-looking, gray-colored fish, about two feet in length. These fish have long suckers and glaring yellow eyes. The roof of the Ju-Ju is formed by a mass of densely intertwined creepers.

At the left of the entrance, through which the visitor is escorted, rests the greatest evidence of the devotion of the native worshipers to their belief in fetichism. There lie the skulls of scores who have been sacrificed in order that the Ju-Ju rites might be fully administered and the spirit world communicated with through material offerings.

The natives in these fetich centers of West Africa believe that by venting their wrath upon human beings, animals and even inanimate objects they are enabled to worship the gods. If they are prosperous and escape what they regard as misfortune, the objects of their devotion are petted, but if the reverse is true they minister the most excruciating punishment and cast some portion of the object in the Ju-Ju.

Bugs Eat Up a Church.

Bugs are eating the First Presbyterian church of Middletown, O. The insects are of the beetle species, and bore holes in the stones of which the edifice is composed. The stones are crumbling, and many of the holes are large enough to admit a lead pencil.

Stature and Endurance.

The soldiers capable of the most endurance are men of short stature, from five feet to five feet seven inches in height. As a rule, tall men have bodies out of proportion to their lower limbs; that is, smaller than they ought to be. The result is they are unable to bear the fatigue which comes easier to shorter men.

PRESIDENT REVERSING HIS SOUTHERN POLICY.

Changed Attitude Toward Gold Democrat Appointee Indicates Wish to Conciliate Republicans

From the World.

WASHINGTON, March 30—George R. Koester, a Gold Democrat, appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for South Carolina, will probably not be confirmed by the Senate. He was appointed last November on the recommendation of Senator McLaurin. Charges were filed that Koster had assisted in the lynching of a negro. An investigation showed that he tried to prevent the lynching.

E. H. Deas, Chairman of the South Carolinia Republican State Committee then began fighting the nomination on the ground that the negroes of the country would regard with disfavor the appointment of a Democrat when Republicans were available. He came here and made a personal appeal to many Senators, He said such appointments would be disastrous to the Republicans in the south. Since then all efforts to get action by the Senate Finace Committee on the nomination have failed, and the conclusion has been reached that the President does not now desire the confirmation of Koester.

This indicates a reversal of the policy announced by the President soon after assuming office and emphasized in the case of several nomiuations, that the best men would be appointed in the South without reference to party affiliations, and is now said that the Republicans organizations in the South ern States will be conciliated with appointments. Politicians say President Roosevelt realizes he may need the Southern delegates in 1904,

THE CRUMPACKER BILL.

From The Atlanta, Ga., Age.

Nothing in a long time has served to "stir up the animals" as has the measure introduced in congress looking to disfranchisement laws. It can be said without fear of successful contradiction that the action of several states in disfranchising certain of its citizens purely because of their color is one of the boldest attacks yet made with apparent success upon the bulwark of our liberty—the Constitution There may be disagreement as to the specific way in which these nullifying laws may be met and defeated, but there can be no reasonable variance from the general opinion that they should be overthrown. To sit supinely by and see them fastened upon the people is but to encourage their authors, in other kind of legislation, however damnable, that may suit their fancy. A fair and good general election law, rigidly enforced, might prove the remedy. At any rate, if something is not done, it will only be a matter of time when worse measures will be resorted to by the disfranchisers. It may not be many years off when the freedom of the speech and of the press will be denied at the rate things go these days. It is the duty of the American people to see that these diabolical and unnecessary laws are defeated and there is no better time than now to begin.

A Chance for Plain Girls

Most of the school-teachers in Fredericksburg, O., have been pretty—so attractive in form and feature that they soon marry. Now the school board is determined to stop this, and the members are hunting for ugly school-teachers.

THE DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

Its Inherent Evil. What the People Own and what Belongs to the Government.

Below are a few excerpts from the speech of R. Hutcheson, Esq., of the District Bar, before the Citizens Association of Brightwood, D. C.

The inherent evil is that it has never been determined what sort of government we have or should have There has been an irrepressible conflict between two opposing ideas—government by the United States and government by the people of the District. It is classic legend that Romulus and Remus quarrelled at the foundation of Rome, and Romulus slew his wolf-sucking brother, appropriating the name to himself. Unlike the story of Romulus, Congress did not assert its claim in the beginning, but postponed it until a late day, and for most of the time has permitted the people to share in the local government. From 1802, date of first charter of the city of Washington, until the charter was taken away and the present form of government was established by the act of 1878, commonly called the "organic act," the popular idea prevailed in different forms. Under the act of May 3, 1802 (2 Stats., 195), a mayor was appointed by the President, with a city council elected by the people. By the act of May 4, 1812 (2 Stats., 721), the power to a mayor was conferred on the city council. It continued in this way until June, 1820, when the right to elect a mayor was conferred on the people. until May 31 1871, when the charter expired and the territorial form of government was established, embracing all the territory ceded by the State of Maryland.

Georgetown and Alexandria, as parts of the District, had their own municipal governments, and that part of the District not included in Georgetown, Alexandria and Washington city was under the government of a certain number of justices of the peace, called a levy court, on the Maryland side, and on the Virginia side a justices' court. In 1846 that portion of the District ceded by Virginia was retroceded, and by the act of February 21, 1871, the charters of Washington and Georgetown were revoked and the authority of the levy court and justices' court abolished. It will thus be seen that until the unfortunate act of 1878 the tendency was decentralization and enlargement of the power of the people. There was a short interval from the abolition of the territorial form of government in June, 1874 (18 Stats., 1167,), to July 1, 1878, which came with a temporary commission, not necessary to consider. It was only tentative.

The records of the auditor's office show that the total taxable real estate in the District is $191,417,8 4, and the total belonging to the United States is $198,058,139 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, and for many years back the relative values of real estate belonging to each have been about the same, so that it was deemed a fair arrangement in the organic act of 1878 to divide the expenses equally.

But it was not a fair arrangement, because the system of highways, street extentions and improvements outside the cities of Georgetown and Washington, in which the title is in the United States after condemnation proceedings, is purely of a national character, and no part of the expense for the same should be chargeable to the revenues of the District.

Members of Congress attend our banquets, and after establishing proper connection between the wines and pylorus, talk eloquently of the grand future of the National Capital, Uncle Joe Cannon, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee of the House, fresh from a little prairie town in Illinois, grows enthusiastic and complacently tells the people of the District they can "trot or run with their improvements as they please!" But he neglected to say that he would urge upon his committee payment of the bills! Of course, if the "dancers are willing to pay the fiddler," they can make the performance as elaborate and expensive as they choose! [Laughter]

Washington never took any stock in this nonsense. He wanted to make the Federal City not only a beautiful capital, but a good commercial point. The firs thing he did after the selection of the site for the Federal Capital was to project the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and signalized his faith by throwing out the first shovelful of earth.

PROF. JAMES MONROE GREGORY, OF BORDENTOWN, N. J.
The Legisture Appropriates $20,000 for his Schools—Wonderful success of a Distinguished Scholar.

DISCRIMINATION IN THE GRAND ARMY.

Editor Bee:

In view of the fact that the public has been misinformed with reference to the protest against discrimination at the coming G. A. R. Encampment made by the Ministers' Union, it was decided at the last meeting, March 31, to give the facts in the case.

The undersigned were appointed a special committee to enter to the proper authorities the unanimous protest of the Ministers' Union The following is the protest, formally presented, March 19th, to Mr. B. H. Warner, chairman of the Executive Committee and to Mr. M. J. Weller, chairman of committee on Public Comfort:

"We the undersigned pastors of Washington, D. C. learning through the public press that it is the intention of the managers of the G. A. R. Encampment to "specialize" the Colored Veteran at the coming encampment, do earnestly protest against any arrangement that indicates an invidious distinction of treatment between old soldiers simply on account of color. Unless it is the policy of the managers to have special subcommittees and special consideration for every other branch of our common humanity, let there be none for the battle-scarred, always, loyal, black soldier. In memory of the heroic dead and in the name of all that is broad and noble in our great American citizenship, we ask to be accorded nothing more nor less than what is due any, and every defender of the Union and Flag.

To this written statement, we add our uncompromising verbal endorsement and endeavor to show that every exigency in the case could be met by one committee rather than two, that the Colored members of the Committee on Public Comfort could work from one general head and that we saw no reason for having a Colored sub-committee aud, as we were credibly informed, that there had not been previously at any encampment, such a sub-committee. When it was affirmed that the plan had worked well in the case of the last Inauguration, we said it was a mistake then, and that it would be a greater one now to follow the policy then taken, We contended that there should be no sub-committee for Colored Veterans, but that representative Colored men should be appointed on the Committee on Public Comfort to do the work assigned them. We made no plea for any unreasonable social mingling but urged the right of Colored Vetrans to a common place of registration and that no unnecessary division be encouraged. As to the personel of our proper representation on the Committee on Public Comfort, it was suggested that the chairman call about him ten leading Colored men whom he might select and let them advise with him about the whole matter. Mr. Weller said that he was a very busy man and could not take the burden of the details and so had just about planned to turn the matter over to one Colored man with the understanding that he assume the entire responsibility of naming a separate negro sub committee of which he wasto be chairman, that he, in separate quarters, manage by the aid of his committee the whole affair, the general chairman having, of course, the prerogative of oversight. Again we objected. First, to having any Negro sub-committee at all and second, to appointing any one man to be mouth and wisdom for our ninety thousand Colored people of Washington. The gentlemen to whom we made our protest and appeal, gave us respectful hearing and we feel assured that they will give us credit for pressing the facts as we see them, and that too with ont any personal attack or insinuation upon any one. Our argument was addressed to plans and not to men. No one can help our common cause by misrepresentation. The Ministers' Union has one single aim in its protest. It is to get the best possible treatment for our Colored soldiers. There is too much at stake for any quiboling among ourselves for personal gain or glory. The statement made that we reflected upon the inaugural sub-committee by saying that it had been packed with "boot blacks" and the "scum of the city" is absolutely false and we regret that any one should have deemed it necessary to have associated such approbrious terms with the gentleman who composed the inaugural sub-committee and the posing martyrs will hardly receive much help or comfort from such misrepresentation. We sincerely deplore the introducing of personalities to buttres a positon unworthy in race—loyalty and logically untenable. After mutual conference, the chairman of the Committee on Public Comfort, requested us to send him the names of thirty representative colored men to be appointed by him regular members of the Committee on Public Comfort, at the same time assuring us that he would gladly acquiesce in any reasonable and practicable plan that would be satisfactory to all concerned. The following names were sent. The list speaks for itself.

John F. Cook, Charles H. Shorter, John R. Francis, Wm. H. Grimshaw, L. C. Bailey, Rev Geo. W. Lee, D. D., Wmefield McKinley Perry H. Carson, Daniel Murray, James L Neill, Lewis H. Douglass, R. R. Horner, R. S Smith, R. H. Terrell, James F. Bundy, Major Fleetwood, Major Arthur Brooks, Dr. James R. Wilder, Dr. C. Childs, J. D. Baltimore, Andrew F. Hilyer, Henry E. Baker, David Warner, Jesse E Lawson, L. M. Hershaw, Ellis H. Brown, Thomas H. Wright, Douglass, B. McCary, Dr. John C. Norwood, J. Henry Lewis.

Sterling N. Brown,
O. M. Waller,
B. J. Bolding,
Committee.

THE COLORADO LYNCHING.

From the Springfield, Ill., Journal

Colorado has disgraced its name once more and has perpetrated another lynching of an innocent Negro for raping an old woman. We don't believe he committed the depredation his protest to the last establishes his innocence. The old lady who identified W. H. Wallace would have picked out any Negro and accused him of assulting her. The boy who climbed the pole and threw the rope over, has blackened his future and will be brand ed as much a degenerate as the poor Negro the life of whom they sought. It is pleasing to note that the sheriff and mayor of the Colorado town used every available means to give the accused protection but were over powered and made to yield to the wishes of the infuriated cannibals whose thurst for blood was not be appeased by the better pleadings of the sheriff and the mayor. It is humiliating to note the rapidy with which this heathen hellis ness is sprading Anglo Saxon civilization will certainly be the ruin of this grand and glorious country.

THE FUTURE HOPE OF THE NEGRO.

By S. P. Mitchell, Pres. National Council.

In a few words I want to express my belief as to the future hope of the race. There is no need of a Sunday school oration on the subject, neither a commencement address; but just simple plain every day facts.

The negro is on a railroad of existence that has many crossings and trusties. We need to read the sign boards, "stop" and quit tooting so much in the wrong place. Notice the following high ball signals: quit holding so many indignation meetings, quit denouncing sections of the country you know nothing of, quit calling so many negro congresses and roll conferences, quit trying to solve the negro problem and let each fellow try to get some sense and money. Quit building so many fine churches and buying so many fine clothes, and build more houses of our own to live in, and buy more wholesome food to eat after we get a house, Quit breaking our necks to elect white men to hold office, and put ourselves in positions that we can hold more jobs given to us by men of our race, quit rushing to the window Sunday morning to buy from the news boy some negro hating white newspaper until we support some of the negro papers to dispute false publications made against us by lying white editors, quit calling yourselves big negroes and wont support negro enterprise. Let us all turn nor minds to industry, commerce and the buying of property. Upon the above rests the future hopo of the negro.

R. R. HORNER

A Rising Member of the The Bar—One of the Delegates to the Last Republican Convention.

R. R. Horner, Esq., formerly of Warranton, Va., but who has taken up his residence in this city, in Le Droit Park and who has entered upon the active practice of the law, is one of the most commanding figure before the bar of this city. Mr. Horner was one of the delegates to the Philadelphia Convention that unanimously nominated the late President McKinley He married a lady of excellent qualities and education.

Mr. Horner who is now practicing his profession is the leading counsel in the case of Miss Ada Washington and her sister. It will be one of the most sensational cases that has ever been tried in this city. He intends to conduct this case upon high legal grounds and there is no doubt but that he will succeed. The clients have great confidence in the ability of this young member of the bar. Indeed he surprised the United States District Attorney in a recent murder case. The verdict of the jury was a surprise to Mr. Gould who expected murder. The case of Ada Washington will be tried soon and it is looked forward to with a great deal of intefest. Mr. Horner is a gentleman and one of the most honest and subcessful members of the bar. His associate is Mr. James H. Smith.

THEIR ORIGINAL MEANINGS.

Shrewd once signified evil or wicked. Thomas Fuller uses the expression "a shrewd fellow," meaning a wicked man.

The word "prevent" originally meant nothing more than to go before. It is used in this sense in several places in the Scriptures.

Prejudice was originally nothing more than a judgment formed beforehand, the character of such judgments being best indicated by the present meaning of the word.

A saunterer is believed by some etymologists to have originally signified a man without lands, such a person naturally wandering to and fro in search of employment.

Evidently an Amateur.

Gladys—They say Harold is an expert in the art of self-defense!

Ethel—Nonsense! Edith made him propose in just one week!—Puck

HOME SEEKERS AND COLONIST'S RATES VIA B. AND O. R. R.

To California, Washington and Oregon points $48 00. Proportionate reductions to intermediate points. For full information apply at B. and O. R. R. Ticket Offices—707 15th St., 619 Pa. Ave. and Depot N. J. Ave. and C St.

FRIEND OF AMERICA.

New Chilian Minister Is Persona Grata at Washington.

Senor Walker-Martinez, Cleverest of South American Diplomats, Began His Public Career as a Journalist.

The Chilian legation has long been a notable one at the American capital. The little republic, besides its mines and cattle, is rich in great men, and some of its most eminent sons have been sent as representatives to that greater republic which all the nations of South America are coming to regard as a kind of sympathetic older sister. The new Chilian minister, Don Joaquin Walker-Martinez, is one of the most noted statesmen of the country which he represents, and at the recent Pan-American congress in Mexico, to which he was a delegate, added to his reputation as a shrewd and sound legislator that of a brilliant debater.

Mr. Walker-Martinez began life, like so many of the successful politicians of the day, as a journalist, and by the vigor of his work, his high ideals, the stand he took on current questions, attracted the attention of his party, and he was asked to stand as a delegate to the house of deputies, where, in 1891, he was one of the most active and devoted workers in the fight between President Balmaceda and the congress. For this efficient service he was appointed minister of finance of, the recently created government board, which portfolio he later on exchanged for that of minister of war, being present at the hotly contested battles of Concon and Placilla, where his party triumphed.

Victory being assured, Mr. Walker-Martinez was one of the first of the ministers to return to the capital, where he assumed charge of the cabinet until the return of his colleagues from the seat of hostilities, and in the reestablishing and reorganizing of the government took an active and intelligent part. No official worked more zealously or with greater devotion for the credit of his party than Mr. Walker-Martinez at this crucial time, and his service was abundantly recognized by the grateful people, who presented the young statesman with a country home near the capital, whither he retired to enjoy a well deserved rest and to recuperate from the exacting work and the strain he had been under during the civil trouble.

Mr. Walker-Martinez finally abandoned his retreat to establish a daily paper, El Constitutional, through whose columns he criticised the methods, policy and some of the acts of his former party associates, further marking his disapproval of their course by an alliance with the independent party. His diplomatic career began in 1896 with his appointment as minister to Brazil, a delicate post, since between the country to which he was accredited and that which he represented there had existed a coolness, owing to the fact that Chili was supposed to sympathize with the dethroned emperor, Dom Pedro. With the tact and astuteness which had marked his whole official career, the new minister succeeded in reestablishing friendly relations between the two republics, and for this signal service was transferred to Argentina, where a like duty awaited him, the relations between Chili and that country having been strained almost to breaking.

His mission accomplished in Buenos Ayres, Mr. Walker-Martinez returned to his own country to become a candidate of the independent party for member of the house of deputies, to which place he was elected by an overwhelming majority. In that body his former successes were repeated, and shortly after his inauguration President Riesco appointed Mr. Walker-Martinez to the vacant post at Washington, naming him at the same time a delegate to the Pan-American congress, where he played a most important role, joining his colleagues in supporting the policy of the United States, and contributing to the passing of the most satisfactory resolution regarding arbitration. The new minister from Chili is a handsome man of the Spanish type, between 40 and 50 years old. His bearing is gracious, his manner genial and he has a fluent knowledge, which will add to his usefulness in his work here. Mme. Walker-Martinez, a woman of many agreeable qualities, and his four children accompanied the minister to Washington, where he will shortly establish a legation.

Gas Obtained from Coal.

Coal yields on an average 10,000 feet of gas per ton. The best gas coal will yield 17,000 feet.

Boys Will Be Boys.

"Pa," said Mrs. Methusaleh to the oldest of his race, "I wish you'd spank Abimelech. He's been pulling Bildad's hair again."

"Lemme see," quoth the patriarch, "how old is 'Bim now?"

"He's 247 years next birthday."

"Well, you must make allowance for th' boy, ma. He's young yit."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

They Say.

Cowards retreat when they are confronted.

The colored politicians are at a stand still.

Don't be worried when you know you are right.

Think wisely always and express yourself accordingly.

Gratitude is found in the honest hearts.

Be kind always and honest in your expressions.

If you have good friends keep them.

Ex-candidate Bryan is after ex-President Cleveland.

Bryan never knows when to quit talking.

The colored men must get together.

What has become of the report of the Normal School.

The principal is entitled to some consideration.

Will the High School be turned into an industrial school.

There will be no more business High School.

What are our school officials doing

The colored citizen must be up and doing.

His property will be confiscated soon.

His schools are going from him

What may the people expect next.

President Roosevelt will aim to to be nominated.

This is a peculiar age and don't you forget it

Some things will come to pass if you are not careful.

All things will end well if you do well.

The man who does good deeds will be given credit for them.

Ohio will have the next President.

Indiana is making a good race for the honor.

Booker Washington will be an object of the past.

Edward H. Deas is making a manly fight.

Who told Booker T. Washington to give out the Lyon's interview.

It looks strange that a publication should be made of a confidential talk.

Is the southern wizzard true to his trust.

There is more behind it and you will see.

Promises made are easily broken.

This is an age of wonders.

Powell will be retained, so the candidates should withdraw.

It is not time to select candidates yet.

New York will disappoint many.

Postmaster Payne is a politician but not strong enough to win the next fight.

John C. New of Indiana will control that delegation.

You cannot subsidize him

All that looks fair, is some times cloudy behind glasses.

Why is the business High School to be turned into an industrial school.

Don't say a word but watch events.

It is not strange to see our enemies turn against us.

Gorman will be a candidate for the democratic nomination.

Think well and do your duty.

Be what you are and nothing more.

Read THE BEE if you want a good paper.

Don't believe all you hear.

All questions have two sides to them.

Think well before you consent to act.

Politics will be warm soon.

There will be an investigation of southern frauds.

What has become of Tillman.

Europe's Military Burden.

France has a soldier to every 59 inhabitants, Germany one to every 99, Italy one to every 126, Russia one to every 134, and Great Britain one to every 100.

RULED BY CURIOSITY.

Why Americans Seemingly Go Crazy Over Royal Visitors from Old-World Monarchies.

Foreign critics of America and Americans find something incongruous in the almost universal curiosity of our democratic countrymen in the persons, the habits, the characters and the acts of those who inherit the right to rule, and of their wives, sons, daughters, sisters and cousins and aunts.

One cannot deny the fact, however it may be explained, nor however contradictory to democratic principles it may be. Moreover, says the Youth's Companion, the country has just given a most conspicuous illustration of the

QUEEN MARGHERITE OF ITALY.
(Rumor Has It That She Will Visit the United States.)

trait. Upon one point it is easy for the amused foreign observer to err. He may fancy that he detects here a longing for royalty and a dissatisfaction with republican simplicity; but every American knows that the desire to see a lion does not imply a wish to own one.

The trait manifests itself in many ways. The desire of the American girl traveling abroad to be present at court and the willingness of her father to provide the appropriate raiment are expressions of it. What matter if the consciousness that she wil carry back to her native place a special distinction because of her bow in court costume to the queen of England or Italy does add a certain attraction to the experience?

But as the woman who has been presented becomes each year a more familiar object, so the royal visitor bids fair to lose his "rarity value." It is now reported that the king of Belgium, the dowager queen of Italy and the crown prince of Siam, to cite only the best-founded reports, are laying plans for American tours.

Meanwhile the king of England gives special audiences to American bankers and other monarchs of our business world. It may be that a healthy curiosity—corresponding to that which our royal visitors provoke—exists in more than one palace concerning the men whose energy and brains have won them well-nigh kingly powers of control. Indeed, it need not be feared that either the palace or the American city will suffer through gratifying so natural an instinct.

REV. JOSEPH PARKER.

London Preacher Who Rebuked King Edward for Brewing Beer and Sabbath Breaking.

There was a striking scene in the City temple of London, when, during the course of a sermon, Rev. Joseph Parker, D. D., administered a pointed rebuke to King Edward, which was loudly applauded by the congregation. Having alluded to public houses as "trapdoors of hell," Dr. Parker referred to the King's recent brewing of beer while visiting Lord Burton.

"Pray for me," said the divine, "that I may speak delicately, loyally. If the

REV. JOSEPH PARKER.
(Most Eminent Non-Conformist Clergyman in England.)

king brews beer what can be wrong in the subject drinking it? What the king does is likely to be imitated by others. His majesty is more than a man and must regard all questions from a kingly point of view. If the king goes to a Sunday concert, as he did recently, he deals a deadly blow to the Englishman's Sunday. The king cannot attend a nonconformist place of worship, but he can go to a Sunday concert."

This remark called forth cries of "Shame," and Dr. Parker continued:

"If the king, who is the head of the church and defender of the faith, can violate the English Sunday, what can the people do but follow in his steps? I would rather give a great sum of gold than appear to be disloyal; but I cannot be disloyal to Christ, and it is better that these things should be said."

Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker is a Congregationalist, and has been preaching since 1848. He is noted for his frank utterances. He once startled Christendom by calling on God to damn the sultan. "I say," he exclaimed, "God damn the sultan!"

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT

House & Herrmann

The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment Washington.

Chas. E. Spielder

Manufacturer of Plain and Ornamental

IRON RAILING

Iron Porches, Window Guards, Grills, Balconies, Gratings, Cellar Doors, Etc., of Every Description.

Builders' Work A Specialty

All work Firstclass.

Shop in Rear of 1344 H Street, N. E

GEORGE WASHINGTON

When you are about to be not be deceived by or be led to think you have best finished and

Most Popular

is a mere song. See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. You will then get a sewing machine that is noted the world over for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

Light Running

There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

NEW HOME

It has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike on both sides of needle (patented), Rotary other has New Stand (patented), drive wheel hinged on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS

THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.

ORANGE, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 30 UNION SQUARE, N. Y.
CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS
SAN FRANCISCO, ATLANTA, GA.

S. OPPENHEIMER & BRO.

514 Ninth St., N

WASHINGTON,

Elegant Club Rye Whiskey

J. F. KEENAN

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER,

462 PENN. AVENUE, N. W.

Washington, D. C.

HOLIDAY AT—

JOHNRICKLES' BUFFET,

—ALL KINDS OF—

Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

Heurich's Beer 5c per bottle. Overholt Whiskey $1.00 per Quart, 10c per drink.

Cor. 6th and C Streets Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

ADVANTAGE

—OF—

BAILEYS

Improved Truss.

tion with perfect safety.
All uncomfortable and injurious steel spring pressure is avoided.
The pad is held in place by woven bands, which retain an equal pressure in all positions of the body.
It can be worn in bed, a great desideratum to the young as tending to a perfect cure.
It is the only suitable truss for children and females.
The proper amount of pressure can be brought to bear and maintained in any position without pinching or harm to the wearer.
It will cure hernia if placed on the patient sufficiently early.
Excepting umbilical, it is the best truss ever offered for all kinds of hernia.
It is so perfect and comfortable in its adjustment that the patient in a short time forgets he is wearing it. (See the certificate of Mr. Daniel Johnson.)
Sent postage paid to any address on receipt of price; $3 for single and $4 for double truss
In ordering, give location of hernia, right or left side and measurement. Satisfaction given or money refunded when the truss is returned in good order Address:

L. C. Bailey,

Room 15, 609 F St., N W.
or 2921 M St., N. W., Was. D.C.

CENTER MARKET.

Miller & Krogmann,

—DEALERS IN—

Hams, Bacon, Lard,

Beef and Beef Tongues.

"Dove Brand" Hams a Specialty

451, 452 and 453 Center Market.
491 302 Northern Liberty Market.

WILBUR F. NASH

500 CENTRE MARKET,

Hams, Bacon, Lard,

DRIED AND CHIPPED BEEF,

COOKED HAMS, TONGUES

BRANCHES:

169 Centre Market,
91 & 95 O St. Market,
Residence, 122 M St., N. W

HER FAMILY HISTORY.

Sarah Bernhardt Tells Some Intimate Facts to Insurance Doctor and Gets Big Risk.

The $100,000 insurance risk recently taken out by Sarah Bernhardt was divided among several large English companies, and each received a copy of the original examination by a physician of the company that accepted the great actress. A copy of the papers in the possession of an English visitor in Chicago shows that if Mme. Berndardt dies M. Maurice Jean Ambroise Bernhardt, her son, married and about 35, will inherit the insurance money, together with $100,000 worth of real estate in Paris, an estate elsewhere in France and much money, bonds and other valuables.

MME. SARAH BERNHARDT.
(Considered by Critics the Greatest Living Actress.)

The statement is to the effect that the divine Sarah was born on October 23, 1844, that her father died at 37 and her mother at 51. She has no brother. Of her two sisters, one died of accidental poisoning, the other of pneumonia. The physician makes especial mention of the fact that Mme. Bernhardt submitted most affably to the physical examination and that, all things considered, she is the best risk he has ever examined.

In answer to various questions the actress said she had been ill only once in her life, when a serious surgical operation was necessary. She never wore stays. Her full name is Sarah Bernhardt Damala. She owned $100,000 worth of Paris real estate and earned $10,000 a week in the theatrical season.

Her home is on the island of Belle Isle, on the west coast of France, a place immortalized by Alexander Dumas the elder in "The Three Guardsmen." Her height was five feet 6½ inches and her weight 130 pounds.

In the matter of wines and other liquors she confines herself to one glass of champagne at dinner each day. Her principal food is the juice pressed from fresh beef.

Her art takes up all her time, and to prevent the small but worrying things of every-day life from interfering with it she carries with her a woman companion and a masseuse, two maids and two men servants. Her daily routine she gives as follows: She arises between 11 a. m, and noon. She takes a cold bath. She gives herself over into the hands of her masseuse. She has a light breakfast. If the weather is nice and dry she takes a drive; if not, she studies, reads or talks.

She has a light dinner, the principal ingredient of which is the juice pressed from beef; drinks her glass of champagne and goes to the theater at eight o'clock.

WILLIAM J. CALHOUN.

Distinguished Illinois Republican Who Is Said to Be Slated for a Cabinet Position.

William J. Calhoun, who is said to be under consideration by President Roosevelt for a place in the cabinet is practicing law in Chicago, but has

WILLIAM J. CALHOUN.
(Illinois Republican Who May Soon Enter the Cabinet.)

a wide experience in public office. He came into national notice as interstate commerce commissioner and went to Cuba as a special commissioner to investigate the affair of Gen. Ruiz. He was offered the choice of several other places by President McKinley, but his personal affairs needed his attention. Mr. Calhoun was born at Hubbard, O., in 1850, and he was a schoolmate of William McKinley. In 1896 he was an important factor in capturing the Illinois delegation to the national convention for his old friend.

Milk Kept in Frozen Chunks.

There are but few cows in Labrador. No wonder. The natives procure their milk for the winter and then kill their cows. The milk is kept in barrels, where it freezes and never threatens to sour throughout the entire season. When one wishes any milk he has simply to go to the barrel and cut out a slice.

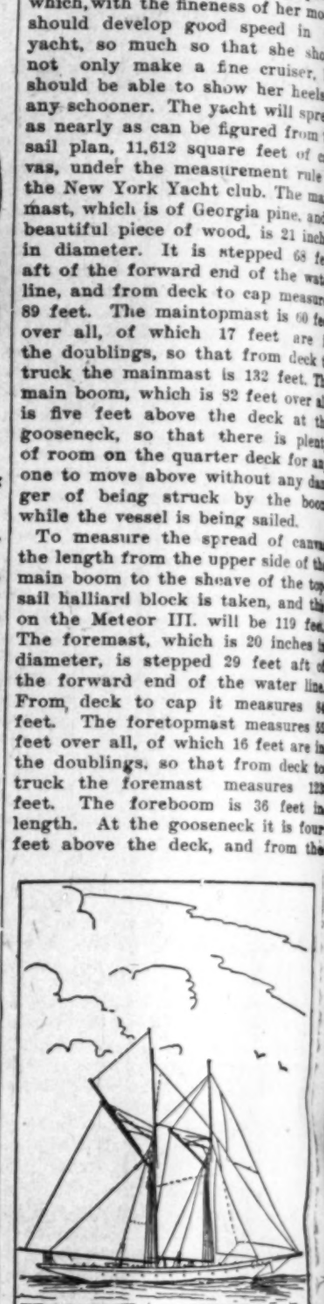
THE THIRD METEOR.

Sail Plan of Emperor William's Famous New Yacht.

It Gives Her Great Driving Power, So That She Should Make a Fine Cruiser as Well as a Champion Racer.

The sail plan of the German emperor's new schooner yacht, Meteor III., shows that A. Cary Smith, the designer, while not giving the boat an excessive spread of canvas, has given her sufficient driving power, which, with the fineness of her model, should develop good speed in the yacht, so much so that she should not only make a fine cruiser, but should be able to show her heels to any schooner. The yacht will spread as nearly as can be figured from the sail plan, 11,612 square feet of canvas, under the measurement rule of the New York Yacht club. The mainmast, which is of Georgia pine, and a beautiful piece of wood, is 21 inches in diameter. It is stepped 68 feet aft of the forward end of the water line, and from deck to cap measures 89 feet. The maintopmast is 60 feet over all, of which 17 feet are in the doublings, so that from deck to truck the mainmast is 132 feet. The main boom, which is 82 feet over all, is five feet above the deck at the gooseneck, so that there is plenty of room on the quarter deck for any one to move above without any danger of being struck by the boom while the vessel is being sailed.

To measure the spread of canvas the length from the upper side of the main boom to the sheave of the topsail halliard block is taken, and this on the Meteor III. will be 119 feet. The foremast, which is 20 inches in diameter, is stepped 29 feet aft of the forward end of the water line. From deck to cap it measures 84 feet. The foretopmast measures 55 feet over all, of which 16 feet are in the doublings, so that from deck to truck the foremast measures 123 feet. The foreboom is 36 feet in length. At the gooseneck it is four feet above the deck, and from the



SAIL PLAN OF METEOR III.
(Why Kaiser William's Yacht Should Be a Prize Winner.)

boom to the foretopsail halliard block measures 114 feet.

From the end of the bowsprit to the end of the main boom is 195 feet six inches, and the base line for measurement is taken from the end of the main boom to a point midway between the jibstay and the jib topsail stay. This is 192 feet. The bowsprit extends 24 feet outward, and from the foremast to the end of the bowsprit is 71 feet. The main gaff is 48 feet long and the fore gaff 36 feet long. The excess of the main gaff over 80 per cent. of the maintopmast measured from the hounds to the topsail halliard block is four feet, and this is added to the base line for measurement. The club topsail spars are 52 and 41 feet long, respectively, the yard being 32 feet. These spars will carry the largest club topsail intended for use, and when set the head of the sail will be 146 feet above the deck and 130 feet above the water. The hoist of the mainsail and foresail will be 56 feet each. The mainsail will be 96 feet long on the leach, and the foresail 80 feet long on the leach.

The general dimensions of the Meteor III. are 161 feet over all, 130 feet on the water line, 27 feet beam, 18 feet six inches depth and 15 feet draft. The least free board is six feet. The beak of the eagle on the figurehead is 11 feet above the water, and the taffrail eight feet above the water. The forward overhang is 18 feet, and the after overhang 23 feet long. She is a keel boat, with an S section quite full below. The yacht is built of steel throughout, in and out plated, and built for strength. On deck aft there is a low steel house, sheathed with teak. The windows in the house are high enough to permit a view of the horizon just clear of the rail. Stairs lead from this house to the steerage, or three-quarters of the width of the yacht. A. Cary Smith, the designer of the yacht, is the son of a New York clergyman, and was originally a marine artist by profession.

City Debts Are Increasing.

There are several states without debt, but no American city, with the single exception of Washington, the local debt of which is an obligation of congress. State debts are decreasing steadily; city debts are increasing.

Cost of Our Regular Army.

A million dollars a week is the cost of the United States army.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE AND ANNAPOLIS SHORT LINE RAILROAD.
TRAINS LEAVE CAMDEN STATION.
For Annapolis and way stations, week days, 8.50 a. m., 1.10, 5.40 p. m.
On Sundays 8.50 a. m. 4.0 p. m.
Annapolis and Bay Ridge, d p. m.
Annapolis, week days, all trains 6.45 8.5 and 7.15 p. m.
Bay Ridge week days 8.55 a. m. 3.5 and 7.45 p. m.
Sundays 7.00 p. m.
Bayridge and return, 50c.
C. A. Coom G. M.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

Leave Washington from station corner of New Jersey avenue and C st.
For Chicago and Northwest, *10.45 a. m., *6.20, p. m.
For Cincinnati, St. Louis and Louisville, *10.05 a.m. *3.45 p.m., *1:10 night.
For Pittsburg and Cleveland *10.45 a. m., *8.30 p.m., and *1.00 night.
For Columbus and Wheeling, *6 20 p. m.
For Winchester †8.35 a. m., †1.45, and †5.30 p. m.
For Luray, *3.45 p.m.
For Annapolis, †7.15, §8.30, †8.35 †11.55 a. m., *5.5 p .m.
For Frederick, †8.35, §9.00, †10.55, a. m., §1.15, †4.0 *6 20 p. m.
For Hagerstown, †10.05 a. m. and †5.30 p.m.
For Boyd and way points, †8.35, §9.00 a. m., §1.15 †4.30, †5.30, §10 15, †11.30, p. m.
For Gaithersburg and way points, †8.35, §9.00 a. m., †12.50, §1.15, †3.00, †4.30, *5.00, †5.30, *7.05, §7.20, §10.15, †11.30 p. m.
For Washington Junction and way points, §8.35, §1.00, a. m., §1.15, †4.30., †5.30, p. m.
For Baltimore, week days, x3.00, 5.00, 6.30, x7.05 x7.15, x8 30, 8.35, x9.30, x10.00 11.55 a. m., x12 30 noon, x1.35, x3.00, x4.00, x4.30, x4.35, x5.05, x5.35. x6.20, 6.30, x8.0c, x10.00, x11.30, 11.35 p. m. Sundays, x3.00 x7.05 x7.15, 8.30, x9 00, a.m. x12.30, 1.15, x3.00, x3.30, x5.05, x5.35, 6.30, x8.00, x10 00, x11,30, x11.35 p. m.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

All trains illuminated with Pintsch light.
For Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York Boston, and the East, *3.00, *7.05 (Diner), †8.30 (Buffet) §9.00 (Diner) †10 00 (Diner), a. m., *12.30, (Diner) *3.00 ("Royal Limited,") Diner), †4.00, (Buffet) *5.05 (Dinner), *8.00 and *11.30 p. m. (Sleeping Car open at 10.00 o'clock.)
Pullman Cars on all day trains.
For Atlantic City, *12.30 noon,
*Daily. †Except Sundays. §Sunday only.
xExpress trains.
Baggage called for and checked from hotels and residences by Union Transfer Co., on orders left at ticket offices, 619 Pennsylvania Avenue, n. w., New York Avenue and 15th Street, and at station. Telephone ticket offices for B. and O. Electric Automobile Cabs.

D. B. MARTIN,
Mgr. Pass. Traffic.

C. & O. ROUTE. Chesapeake AND OHIO RAILWAY.

THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY IN AMERICA. ALL TRAINS VESTIBULED, ELECTRIC LIGHTED, STEAM HEATED. DINING CARS ON THROUGH TRAINS. STATION SIXTH AND B STREET

Schedule in effect April 12, 1901.

3.00 p m daily—Cincinnati and St. Louis Special—Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis without change. Observation Parlor car Washington, to Virginia Hot Springs daily except Sunday. Parlor Cars to Cincinnati and Chicago.

11.10 P. M. DAILY—F. F. V. Limited—Solid train for Cincinnati. Pullman sleepers to Cincinnati, Lexington and Louisville without change. Connection for Virginia Hot Springs Daily. Pullman Compartment Car to Virginia Hot Springs daily except Sunday. Sleepers Cincinnati to Chicago and St. Louis.

8.12 a. m. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY—For Newport News, Norfolk, and Old Point Comfort via Penn. R. R. R. F. & P., and Richmond.

3.00 P. M. DAILY—For Gordonsville, Charlottesville, Staunton daily and for Richmond, daily, except Sunday.

Reservations and tickets at Chesapeake and Ohio offices, 513 Pennsylvania Avenue; 609 14th Street, near F, and at the station. Telephone call 1441 for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.
Telephone 1066.

H. W. FULLER,
General Passenger Agent.

MEEHAN,
N. W. Cor. 7th and H sts., S. W.
One of the best places in S'h Washing'n
Wines, Liquors, and Cigars
Of the finest brands,
FRESH BEER DAILY.
XXXX Mountain Pimlico Club
P. MEEHAN, Prop.

--Edward Murphy--
Wines and Liquors.
831 14th Street Northwest.
Nov. 21 (3 mos).

TELEPHONE
Louis J. Kessel
Importer of and Dealer in
Wines & Liquors
Specially for medicnal and family use
OXFORD and TREMONT, Pure Rye Whiskies.
WHOLESALE ONLY.
425 Tenth Street Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

Pure Old Straight Rye Whiskey AT
Wines & Liquors,
Cigars & Tobacco.
Also Manufacturer of fine Cigars
930 Fifth Street Northwest,
Washington, D. C.

THE LIGHT RUNNING SIMPLE STRONG NEW HOME SWIFT SURE
SEWING MACHINE
HAS NO EQUAL.
PERFECT SATISFACTION
New Home Sewing Machine Co.
—ORANGE, MASS.—
3, Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo. Atlanta, Ga. Dallas, Tex. San Francisco, Cal
FOR SALE BY

Dining Room.
Shooting Gallery
AND
POOL ROOM
225 Pa. ave. & 212 B st., n. w.
Rooms, 25, & 50c. Cents
Wm. H. Lee, Pro.

SAMUEL G. STEWART
SALOON
1141 7th St., bet L & M Sts., NW
Elite Whiskey A SPECIALTY
and all the Popular Brands
The largest glass of Henrich's BEER IN THE CITY.

O'HANLON & MURRAY,
Wholesale and Reta
Dealer In
Fine
Wines
and
Liquor.
1519 Seventh Street, N. W.,
Washington, D C.

Karl Xander,
IMPORTER,
Rectifier and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS
1530—32 7th Street N. W.
Agent for Southern Bouquet Whiskey.

JAMES THARP,
Importer and Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
812 F STREET, N. W.
"BERKLEY"
Pure Rye Whiskey.

BUY THE NEW HOME LIGHT RUNNING SEWING MACHINE
Do not be deceived by those who advertise a $60.00 Sewing Machine for $20.00. This kind of a machine can be bought from us or any of our dealers from $15.00 to $18.00.
WE MAKE A VARIETY.
THE NEW HOME IS THE BEST.
The Feed determines the strength or weakness of Sewing Machines. The **Double Feed** combined with other strong points makes the **New Home** the best Sewing Machine to buy.
Write for CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and prices before purchasing
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.
ORANGE, MASS.
28 Union Sq. N. Y., Chicago, Ill., Atlanta, Ga., St. Louis, Mo., Dallas, Tex., San Francisco, Cal
FOR SALE BY

NORTHWEST
Chris. Xander' Quality Store
909 7th St. N. W.
Established 36 years ago. The largest wholesale store of the most exquisite, faultless wines and distillates (240 kinds in all.) At Chris. Xander's moderate prices it is impossible that others can compete in quality and purity with any of his good. Notably so as to his liquors. None that contain fusel poison are admitted to his Massachusetts Avenue Warehouse and hence the safest kinds only are obtainable by his patrons at his sale store 909 7TH ST. N. W.
(No branches) Phone 1425.

J. T. CARTER,
..House Painter..
Painting, Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining, Wall Painting, Paper hanging Floor staining, and Waxing.
Estimates Cheerfully Given. Never Disappoint.
1004 20 St. Washington, D. C

TELEPHONE MAIN 1768. ESTABLISHED 1873
S. H. HINES & CO
UNDERTAKERS, EMBALMERS
—AND—
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
1315 14th St. N. W., Washington, D.

COLUMBUS
HATTER AND MEN'S FURNISHER,
Latest Styles in Neckwear Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders &c. Latest fall Derbys $1.00 and up.
is the place where you will get the worth of your money. Call and inspect our goods. ONE PRICE.
337 Pennsylvana, Ave.

Dunis & Kiados
NEW YORK
Candy Kitchen
OUR CANDIES MADE DAILY.
918 Seventh Street, Northwest
WASHINGTON, D. C.

FRANK HUME
Wholesale Grocer,
Parties contemplating going into the grocery business will do well by visiting this firm.
454 Penn Ave.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

DENTY SIMMS & CO.
—DEALERS IN HIGH GRADE—
wood
—AND—
coal
Full weight guaranteed. Promptness our motto.
1519 4th St., N.W. Washington, D.C

MME J. Esputa Daly
WILL
Offer special inducement to classes in reading, music and singing. A general musical and vocal instruction guranteed. John Eputa's music book and Mme Daly's note chain method. For further imformation
APPLY TO
MME DALY
Studio, Basement St. Augustines Church, 15th Street bet. L and M. N. W Monday and Tuesday on and after the 22nd, of September. Hours 5 to 8 p. m.
Tenors and bassors afford special inducement to [illegible] Daly's classical [illegible] basements St. Augustine [illegible]

PULLED PATRON'S LEG.

Much to the Horror of the Talkative Shoe Salesman the Member Came Off.

John Diehl, of Guttenberg, N. J., has a wooden leg, but the artificial foot receives just as good treatment as its mate. As a matter of fact, states the New York Tribune, Diehl rather prefers the wooden leg to the other, for, as he says: "I picked out the wooden one myself and it's a peach."

Such an excellent member of society is Diehl's wooden leg that its owner is able to walk with scarcely a perceptible limp. Consequently, when he walked into a shoestore at

"GREAT G-G-G-GOODNESS!"

Union Hill, N. J., and asked for a pair of shoes, the clerk noticed nothing unusual about his appearance. It will be apparent from what follows that Diehl is possessed of a remarkably fine sense of humor. Said he to the obliging clerk:

"Gimme a pair o' button shoes."

While the clerk was getting down the goods Diehl unfastened his wooden leg and prepared himself for the merry jest that was to follow. The clerk had some difficulty in getting the worn-out shoe off the hickory limb and Diehl observed it, remarking:

"Aw, bend yer back, why don't yer?"

"Kinder sticks, don't it?" said the clerk, pleasantly. With this he bent his back so successfully that he carried away shoe, foot, leg and all and landed on his back into the bargain.

When the boot seller sat up and saw what he had done he was overwhelmed with horror.

"Great g-g-g-goodness!" he gasped. "I didn't m-m-mean to do it."

The genial Mr. Diehl was purple in the face, while a negro porter who had stood by started on the run for an ambulance. As soon as Diehl could spare time from the holding of his sides he remarked to the crestfallen clerk:

"That's all right, young feller, but y' want to be careful how you start to pull off my leg."

Diehl got his shoes at a rate that he himself admitted was "real reasonable."

GIRL KILLS A WOLF.

Armed with a Hatchet, She Approached the Snarling Beast and Despatched It.

Miss Ethel Hoover, a young lady living at Leola, S. D., had an exciting adventure with a large gray wolf and proved herself a heroine.

Gray wolves are numerous on the great cattle ranges west of the Missouri river, and they are noted for their fierceness. The gray wolf in question evidently had strayed from

SHE RAISED THE HATCHET.

its accustomed haunts by crossing the Missouri river on the ice.

It appeared the other morning in the dooryard of the house where Miss Hoover resides and fiercely attacked a large shepherd dog. The animals engaged in a life and death struggle and their snarling and snapping were enough to affect the nerves of even a man. Finally the dog succeeded in getting somewhat the better of its antagonist.

At this juncture Miss Hoover, instead of fleeing to the attic or cellar for safety, appeared on the scene. She was armed with a hatchet and, approaching close to where the dog and wolf were battling for life, she raised the hatchet and dealt the wolf such a blow that it was killed instantly.

The Only Colored Mayor.

The only colored mayor in the United States is Isaiah T. Montgomery, of Mound Bayou, Miss. He is the wealthiest man in the city, and was born a slave on the plantation of Jefferson Davis.

LIES DEAD FORGOTTEN.

Boss Shepherd's Return to Washington Pleases the People.

He Ran the Capital Three Years and Made a City of It—Congress Ousted Him in 1874 and He Went to Mexico.

"Boss" Shepherd is coming back to Washington. He has made a great fortune in the silver mines of Mexico, and returns to his native city to spend his remaining days in peace. He is 67 years of age, and enjoys the distinction of being the best loved and best hated man that the capital city ever knew.

Alexander H. Shepherd's name will live in history as the originator of the new Washington. After all is said and done, the work of the experts who have planned the future Washington as a city of delight had the basis of "Boss" Shepherd's work to go upon. That is how he derived his sobriquet of "boss." For three years he was the absolute ruler of Washington, and in that time spent $40,000,000 in making it what it is today.

Alexander H. Shepherd, says the Philadelphia Press, is a native of Washington. He was born in the "flats" January 13, 1835. His parents were in ordinary circumstances. His ancestors for 150 years had lived in this country; some of them fought in the revolutionary war. Shepherd himself was for a time a soldier in the late war. His father became well-to-do before his death, which enabled the boy to obtain a pretty fair education. He entered Columbian university. But the executor of the estate, it is said, stole the money and young Alexander started to learn a trade to help support the family. Then he became a shoe salesman, and later learned to be a plumber and gas fitter. Within eight years of entering his apprenticeship he was a partner. Within the next 12 years he had built more than 400 houses in Washington.

His prominence in business led him into politics. He was a member of

ALEXANDER H. SHEPHERD.
(Has Just Returned to Washington After Long Exile.)

the board of common council of Washington before he was 25. Two years after, in 1862 he became president of the body. He was a member of the levy court in 1867, and president of the Citizens' Reform association in 1870. Then congress turned Washington and the District of Columbia into a territorial government. He was appointed governor of the district, and president of the board of public works. He had always borne the reputation of being a progressive, liberal, yet determined man.

Washington at this time was a drowsy, half-northern, half-southern city. It had been laid out on liberal lines but had never conformed to them. It had no adequate building laws. Its streets were mud holes in winter and dust distributors in summer. Shepherd determined to alter this. He had the power and he proceeded to use it. One morning the people of the old town wakened to find hundreds of men at work on the streets. It was the advance guard of "Boss" Shepherd's legions.

Within the next three years, from June 1, 1871, to June 24, 1874, "Boss" Shepherd ruled Washington with a rod of iron. Men who began by praising him ended by cursing him. As improvements grew taxes increased. Many men were financially ruined by the burdens imposed upon them. Newspapers in other cities were the only avenues for the maledictions of the citizens; the local papers were bound hand and foot by the influence of the "boss" or silenced by a knowledge that he was doing the right thing in improving Washington, although it was unpopular at the time.

Nothing halted his determination. The city became a hive of municipal industry. All streets of any importance underwent transformation. They were graded, sewered and paved, and it is now admitted that the work was well and admirably done. Some idea of the improvements that Shepherd made in Washington may be gleaned from these interesting figures. He planted more than 10,000 trees, and paved 115 miles of streets, besides laying 207 miles of sidewalks. His army of men dug and carted away 3,340,000 cubic yards of earth. He had constructed 317,196 feet of pipe sewers of 12 to 15 inches in diameter; four miles of sewers from 10 to 30 feet in diameter and over five miles of sewers from 3 to 7 feet in diameter. He laid 30 miles of water pipe and nearly 60 miles of gas pipe. In addition to this he constructed 39 miles of roads in the suburbs of the city.

HOTELS—NORTHWEST.

SARATOGA HOTEL,
A. H. Cole, Proprietor.
Special Rates To Theatrical Troupes
New Management
Bar Stocked With The Finest Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Terms: $1.50 to $2.00 per day.
$7 to $12 per week.
Howard and Saratoga Streets,
BALTIMORE, MD
Cars to and from all Depots pass the Hotel

RESTAURANTS—NORTHWEST.

LEECH'S
Restaurant,
Cor 19th & L sts.
NORTHWEST
Harper Whiskey a Specialty

LIQUOR DEALERS
BALTIMORE.

WHITE, DALY, & CO.
DISTILLERS.
Baltimore, Md.

WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS
No. 107 King Street,
Alexandria, Va.
OLD DOMINION FAMILY RYE AND MOUNT VERNON WHISKIES A SPECIALTY.
Nov. 30th 1 mos.

STYLISH, RELIABLE ARTISTIC
Recommended by Leading Dressmakers. They Always Please.
McCALL BAZAR PATTERNS 10¢ 15
NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE
These patterns are sold in nearly every city and town in the United States. If your dealer does not keep them send direct to us. One cent stamps received. Address your nearest point.
THE McCALL COMPANY,
138 to 146 W. 14th Street, New York
BRANCH OFFICES:
169 Fifth Ave., Chicago, and 1095 Market St., San Francisco.
McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50 YEA
Brigh... Contains... Ages... laun... plans... includin...
Issued Monthly
1 Colored Plates of Patterns, Fashion.
In magazine in every... assumes for a little... and other particulars only 50c. per year, 4 Patterns.
Address THE McCALL CO., 138 to 146 W. 14th St., New York

Rye Whiskies,
302 Exchange Place,
Our Specialties,
FRAZY'S OWL WHISKEY,
BAKER'S PURE RYE WHISKEY, HOSS AND HOSS AND PATAPSCO CLUB WHISKEY.
Importers of BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, ALE, AND STOUT, ETC.
P. O. BOX 445
BALTIMORE, MD.
TELEPHONE CALL 1576.

The Bee.

—PUBLISHED AT—

I" STREET. WASHINGTON, D. C

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C as second-class mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy per year	$2.00
Six months	1.00
Three months	60
City subscibers, monthly	2

An Ignominious Backdown.

On Monday last, the House was regaled by a garbled effusion from Representative Williams of Mississippi, in opposition to the Crumpacker Bill. Some who look through a glass darkly, have pronounced it a most able and scholarly effort, as convincing as it was beautiful. To the sober mind and one familiar with the history of southern statesmanship, this so-called "scholarly effort" is but the hideous balderdash of a coward, who so far forgets the tenets of his fathers as to ungraciously give the lie to their most vehement and honest utterances and to fawn before the avalanche of righteous indignation which is even now seen on the horizon and which pretends the re-establishment of justice and fair dealing toward all American citizens.

This new offshoot compares the Negro with the Chinaman and draws upon his imagination for proof that like the Chinaman the Negro has no right in this country, much less equal political and civil privileges along with the whites.

Forgetting the history of the Anglo-Saxon race, which has long since become absorbed into a heterogeneous humanity, he talks about race superiority with a flippancy which would become only a juvenile sophomonic enthusiast. In his attempt to justify the crime of disfranchisement, he formulates a new doctrine. He makes the startling announcement that there is a difference between ignorance and illiteracy and implies that while the whites are illiterate they are not necessarily ignorant but that the illiteracy among the blacks is a sufficient evidence of ignorance. By this strange Alchemy, an illiterate white man can vote, while every negro who cannot read and write should be disfranchised.

It will certainly do no harm to remind Mr Williams of a few tenets of his fore-fathers and advise him of the characterization which the southern people have always awarded the blacks. One of the most common sayings is that the negro is one of the most matter-of-fact beings on earth.

He is quick to perceive, quick to learn, quick to forgive and quick to accommodate himself to his surroundings and to assimilate the civilization by which he is environed. Southern writings are full of evidences of these and the average southern man has repeated it a thousand times over.

There is no disposition on our part to belittle the Chinaman. Indeed, there are many virtues and many arts which they can teach the proud American. But the comparison made by Williams leads us to contrast the two races.

The Chinaman's home is in China, the Negro's is America; the Chinaman does not assimilate American civilization; the Negro does; the Chinaman takes no part in the religion or the politics of this country, the Negro is ardent with regard to both. The Chinaman does not wish the American education, the Negro not only wishes to have it, but is making rapid progress along educational lines The Chinaman cares not to enter the various trades and professions, the Negro is anxious to do so and is doing so whenever and wherever the business spirit is sufficiently liberal to admit of it.

Hence this gratuitous comparison on the part of Williams is only the mean grasping of an opportunity to satisfy a predjudice, at a time when the feeling against the Chinaman is most rampant, in the hope of misleading the erstwhile friends of the colored people.

The scholarly gentleman who now opposes the Crumpacker Bill does but poor credit to his illustrious ancestors. The most representative, scholarly and eloquent men of the South that ever sat in Congress have reiterated time and again the value of the Negro as a factor in building up and maintaining a proper social fabric. Negroes have been called the "key stone." the "corner stone" of the institutions at the south and it was contended that without these people, the social fabric could not stand. These expressions grew out of the fact that the Negro was a reliable factor, one who took an interest in the welfare of the people and who regarded this country as his home. In point of patriotism, there have been none more ardent. He has fought in all of the battles which brought glory to American arms and peace to the country and his bones have been left to bleach on many a battlefield. He emulates all that is good and noble in American civilization and is always found on the side of liberty and justice.

He has been sought after by Socialists and Nihilists, but his instinct favors law and order and hence their blandishments have been of no avail.

Even his experience as a lawmaker and political leader in the south compares favorably with the government now administered in that section. He may have made mistakes, but no rights were evaded, no privileges were denied and the constitutions and laws framed by the Negro are sound and just and would be so to-day had not the spirit of injustice and tyranny actuated the southern whites to make them burdensome and unjust. Here is another instance of the trickery of the average southern politician. The Negro is placed in the same category with the Chinaman, because the Chinaman is at this time *persona non grata* and because it afforded an opportunity to "make a haul." But injustice and meanness cannot be hidden from the eyes of the sensible by a new gloss of oratorical brilliancy or the flimsy gauze of fine spun falsehoods. The fact remains that the negro is an American citizen and that as such he is entitled to all the rights and privileges common to Americans generally. It also remains that the south exercises five or six times its legitimate representative force in the councils of the Nation.

Hence all the sentimental hogwash and ethnological jug-glory that may be urged cannot deter the people of the North from insisting either upon the rights of the colored people in the South to vote, or the curtailment of representative force to something like an equitable bases. It is indeed a grotesque picture to see the people, who have stolen the dearest boon of citizen ship, whince and prate about race superiority, peace, justice and fair dealing. Surely the southern representative hath monumental gall.

WAT I SAW AND EARD.

There is a great deal of speculation as to the next presidential candidate. Just who the man will be no one seems to know. There is one thing certain, senator Hanna is the people's choice.

I have not seen the report of the colored normal school as yet. Some one should rise and explain what the trouble is.

A street sweeper said sometime ago that he was a member of the Blaine Invincibles, hence, he could hang his hat up anywhere. Mr. Stuttler soon gave him to understand that he was not as great as he thought he was. He was discharged.

Some people think that a man who has the gift of "gab" that he is a great man. That is not always so. It is the quiet and sober man that wins always.

Colored printers never stood a better show than they do now in the Government Printing office.

Speaking of suffrage in the District of Columbia, the people do not seem to know what they want It is quite evident that the people should be permitted to select their own officers.

President Roosevelt does not know what he wants Perhaps his advisers will be able to tell him some day.

Senator Hanna is to be cammended for the noble stand he has taken in the Rathbone case in Cuba. From the evidence no American jury would have convicted him. He is not guilty of any wrong doing. The people will be with senator Hanna, the laboring man's friend.

It is hoped that a strong and bold front will be made by the negro voters of the country. No man can hope to be respected who is a trimmer.

The Tuskegee wizzard, as he is called, is trying hard to be a negro leader. He does not know how small he is.

Do not come to the conclusion that we are all wrong. Some people are right in some things.

I visited the Second Baptist Lyceum on last Sunday afternoon. Notwithstanding the condition of the weather quite a large audience turned out. Mrs. Pelham is a sweet talker as well as a lady of refinement.

District suffragist will meet soon and decide what steps are best to be taken in restoring the vote to the people.

There is no reason why that the colored people's condition in the city should not be improved.

ROUNDER.

As Usual.

"Great grief, man! What's happened to you? Have you been kicked in the face by a mule?"

"No. Our cook's husband, from whom she got a divorce several months ago, has been coming around bothering her, and last night she got after him with a couple of flatirons."

"But what has that to do with your case?"

"I was an innocent bystander."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Case in Point.

Mrs. Manning—John, I believe you are the biggest liar in the world. The fact is, you don't care a fig for me, or you wouldn't try to deceive me all this time. There was a time when you said I was the best and sweetest woman on earth.

Mr. Manning—And you believed it. Then why can't you believe the little fibs I tell you now?—Boston Transcript.

A Tragedy.

I sued for her hand—
The dear little thing—
And now I am suing
To get back my ring.
—Yonkers Statesman.

HIS IDEA OF A SINECURE.

Kind Lady—Why don't you go to work?

Tramp—I'm trying to get a position now, lady.

Kind Lady—What doing?

Tramp—Lineman fer a wireless telegraph company.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Mary's Choice.

Said I to Mary: "Are you hungry?"
"Yes," said she, "I am."
So "Name your choice," I said, and Mary
Had a little lamb.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

His Reason Was Good.

The Dear Girl—I am really astonished to hear you advance the proposition that a child should not be corrected in the presence of strangers.

The Savage Bachelor—He should not be, because he should never be in the presence of strangers; that's why.—Tit-Bits.

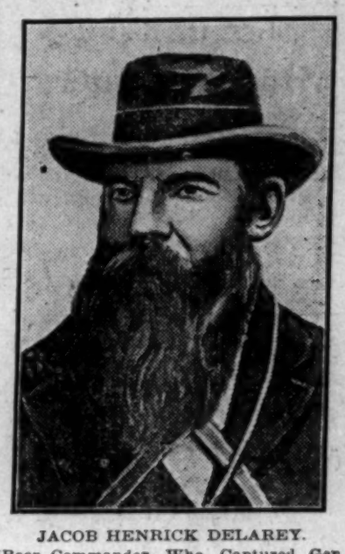
Planting Seed in Eggshells.

A French gardener has adopted a new idea with regard to the transplanting of small shrubs. He sets the seed in some earth laid in half an eggshell instead of a little pot; the shell, which has a small hole in it to permit of draining, is placed in a box of damp mold. When the time arrives for transplanting all that need to be done is to lift out and break

HABITS OF DELAREY.

Boer Leader Who Captured and Liberated Gen. Methuen Carries No Weapons in Field.

Jacob Hendrick Delarey first saw the light in the district of Lichtenberg, 54 years ago. His father was born in the Orange Free State, and was of Huguenot origin. He took part with Pretorius in driving the English out of Bloemfontein in 1848, and had his farm and property confiscated after Sir Harry Smith had reversed the situation by forcing the old Boer warrior back again across the Vaal. The Delareys sought a new home in the west of the Transvaal, where Jacob Hendrick spent his



JACOB HENRICK DELAREY.
(Boer Commander, Who Captured Gen. Methuen and His Army.)

early life. The general is a man over the medium height, sinewy in build, and remarkable for his quiet, dignified manner. He has deep-set, dark eyes, a prominent Roman nose and a large, dark-brown beard, giving to his face a strong, handsome and patrician expression.

He was born of a fighting family, and has had the experience and training of campaigns in conflicts with hostile Kaffir tribes. His first command was in the war which the English incited the Basutos to wage against the Free State in the early '60's, when he was quite young. These experiences qualified him for a prominent military position when the present war broke out, and he was unanimously elected to the command of the Lichtenburg burghers, who became part of Cronje's western column.

He represented his native district in the volksraad for ten years, and was a consistent supporter of the Joubert, as against the Kruger, following in that assembly. He favored a large franchise concession to the Uitlanders as a means of averting a conflict with England, but soon saw that a demand for political reforms was only a pretext for precipitating a conflict. He was one of the most ardent advocates of an attacking as against a defensive military policy when England forced a resort to hostilities upon the republic.

Like Gen. Cronje, he carries no weapons in the field. His field glass, wooden pipe, and, last but not least, his Bible, are his inseparable companions. He is a universal favorite with the burghers of both republics, and inspires great confidence in his men by his almost unerring military judgment, splendid generalship, heroic courage, an indomitable tenacity of purpose and an all-round resourcefulness in all emergencies.

He is remarkably self-contained in his actions, never getting excited, even in the thickest of the fight, but always remaining cool, cautious and alert.

ORIGINAL HANNA MAN.

Title Belongs to Judson Lyons, the Colored Register of the United States Treasury.

Judson Lyons, the colored register of the United States treasury, is probably the original Hanna man. Mr. Lyons' term is about to expire,

HON. JUDSON LYONS.
(Register of the Treasury and the Original Hanna Man.)

and while he is a candidate for reappointment, he felt it his duty to inform the president, through a friend, that he would be for Mr. Roosevelt for the nomination in 1904 unless Mr. Hanna should be a candidate, in which case he would favor the Ohio senator. It is probable that by his manly course and frankness he has earned reappointment, as the president has expressed an appreciation of his candor and courage.

Hoosier Girl Evangelist.

Miss Versa Hollenbeck, at the age of 16, is an enthusiastic evangelist of the Holiness Christian church, and is the pastor of a congregation at Sullivan, Ind. Her extraordinary eloquence and zeal have been the means of converting many persons.

CHIEF OF O'BRIENS.

Honor Held by Lord Inchiquin of Dromoland Castle.

One of the Oldest of Irish Families Whose History Dates Back Many Centuries—The Story of Moira Rhu.

Lord Inchiquin, the head of one of the oldest families in the Irish peerage, will be a conspicuous figure at the coronation of King Edward VII.

Dromoland castle, the seat of Lucius, fifteenth Lord Inchiquin, is in County Clare, in the south of Ireland. It was built about 70 years ago of fine hand-cut gray limestone and on the site of the old Elizabethan manor house which had taken the place of the old castle, chosen originally as the family residence of the O'Briens when they migrated from Leamanagh castle, which was situated in a remoter part of Clare.

The present peer's grandfather succeeded his kinsman (the third marquis of Thomond) in the '60's, when the marquisate of Thormond and earldom of Inchiquin lapsed, only the barony (the oldest title in the family) passing to the present possessors, a younger branch of the O'Brien family. The earldom of Thomond was given by Henry VIII (with the right forever to quarter the scarlet arms, also to wear the scarlet liveries of royalty) to the prince of Thomond of those days, who for these honors resigned the chieftainship of practicaly the whole of the south of Ireland, inherited by direct descent from Brian, king of all Ireland, who reigned in the eleventh century.

There are many objects of interest in the castle itself, says the Chicago Chronicle, among others (in the hall) the bronze effigy of Brian Boru, the aforesaid king, taken from his tomb at Clontarf, where the famous battle against the Danes was fought in the eleventh century. His spurs hang there also, and hard by, in marvelous preservation, stands the large table saved from the wreckage of the lost

LORD INCHIQUIN.
(Present Head of the Ancient Family of O'Briens.

ships of the great Spanish Armada, which came to grief in 1588 on the inclement and rocky coast near Miltown Malbay, which is now a small fishing village and about 30 miles as the crow flies from Dromoland castle.

Leamanagh castle was the ancient seat of that branch of the O'Briens from whom the present Lord Inchiquin is descended. It consists of a peal tower dating from 1480 and a Tudor house of a century later.

Of a member of the dynasty, "Moira Rhu," or Red Mary, many strange tales abound of her raids on the English settlers in 1641, her hanging her servants on the corbels of the castle, the men by the neck and the maids by their hair.

When her husband fell mortally wounded in his skirmish with Ludlow and was carried home almost lifeless she looked from her window calling: "We need no dead men here!"

At his death a few hours later she promptly assumed a magnificent robe of blue and silver, drove to Limerick and offered to surrender to Ireton, Cromwell's general. Next day she married Col. Cooper, a Cromwellian soldier, and thus saved the Leamanagh estates for her son at the general confiscation. Tradition relates that she killed Cooper with a kick and that he was succeeded by some two dozen other husbands, few of whom escaped by a natural death, but, it is only fair to say, the truth of this story is stoutly denied by Lord Inchiquin and his family.

The career of this female Bluebeard is said to have ended by her being fastened up alive in a hollow tree and left to starve and that her uneasy spirit still haunts the spot. The size and surroundings of Leamanagh, its gardens, fishpond, deer park and long walled avenue attest to the importance of the O'Brien family, by whom it was inhabited until Dromoland castle—their beautiful modern home—became their principal place of residence in the time of Sir Donogh O'Brien. The picture of "Moira Rhu" hangs at Dromoland with many others of interest, including a life-sized one of King Brian Boroimhe and another of Queen Anne, presented by that royal lady during her reign to Wiliam, third earl of Inchiquin.

The present Lord Inchiquin, who succeeded to the title last year, has three children, two sons and one daughter One of his brothers is aid de camp to the lord lieutenant of Ireland.

Long Submarine Telephone.

A submarine telephone cable connects Brussels with London.

CAPT. LUCIEN YOUNG.

Brilliant Deeds Abound in Records of New Inspector of the Ninth Lighthouse District.

Commander Lucian Young, U. S. N., hero of the wreck of the United States steamer Huron, has arrived in Chicago from Washington to relieve Commander F. N. Symonds as inspector of the Ninth lighthouse district.

Commander Young is one of the few officers of the navy who have two medals voted by congress for distinguished bravery.

He began his career as a life saver when he jumped overboard from the United States steamer Alaska in 1873, as she was plowing the Mediterranean under full sail, to rescue a seaman who had fallen from aloft.

CAPT. LUCIEN YOUNG.
(Appointed Inspector of the Ninth Lighthouse District.)

When the Huron went ashore in a storm off Cape Hatteras, November 24, 1877, Ensign Young went over the side with a line and attempted to make the shore to summon aid. Of the crew of 195 souls 160 had been lost when Young went over the side.

Up and down the beach for miles went the young officer. Gathering the beach combers, Young returned to the wreck and succeeded in aiding in the taking off of the 35 men left of the crew.

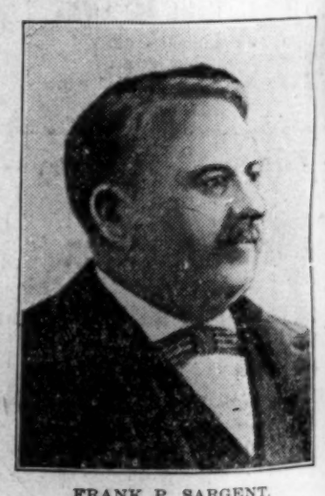
It was for this act of heroism congress made the ensign a master, extended its thanks and gave him a gold medal. The states of New York and Massachusetts each gave gold medals, and the latter a certificate of honor also. His home state, Kentucky, voted him a sword and made him an honorary member for life of the Kentucky legislature. This latter honor had been conferred but once before—upon Henry Clay.

During the war with Spain Commander Young's flagship *Hist* and the two other gunboats engaged and sunk a Spanish gunboat, captured a torpedo boat and nine vessels that guarded the entrance to the harbor.

MAY SUCCEED POWDERLY.

Frank P. Sargent to Be United States Commissioner General of Immigration.

The position of commissioner general of immigration has been tendered by the president to Frank P. Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, to succeed T. V. Powderly, the present incumbent. Mr. Sargent was born in East Orange, Orange county, Vt., in 1851. Early in life he decided to become a photographer, and for some time followed that vocation, but soon tired of it and emigrated to Arizona. In Arizona he decided to cast his fortune with the regular army, and enlisted in the



FRANK P. SARGENT.
(Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.)

cavalry branch of the service. He served out his full term of enlistment and was granted an honorable discharge.

From the army Mr. Sargent drifted into railroading and secured a start as a wiper in the employ of the Southern Pacific railroad. From this humble and not altogether remunerative position he worked his way up until he reached that degree of efficiency where hard and conscientious work won for him the position of fireman.

When the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen was organized some 30 years ago, Mr. Sargent immediately identified himself with the organization, and soon became one of the most active workers in it. He was at length made the grand master of the brotherhood, and afterward became president of the Supreme Council of Railway Employes, in which position he had thousands of men under his charge.

Mr. Sargent has won general recognition from all of the great employers of labor, owing to his opposition to strikes.

Prof. H. E Wilson seems to be a natural born poet.

Mr. Knox Brown is still very ill.

William M. Wilson is a new member on "The Bee's staff.

Mr. Nathaniel Guy is spending a e days at Bay Ridge.

Prof. James C. Waters Jr , from New York is expected in this city s.on.

Mr. Harrison Marshall paid a flying visit to this city Easter week.

Miss Eva Chase has been i disposed for several days with the Grippe.

Miss Hannah Morris spent the holidays with her mother in Baltimore, Md.

Owing to a severe cold Miss Anderson was unable to accept invitations to visit friends in Philadelphia, Pa

Mr and Mrs. Samuel D. Milton are enjoying the presence of a fine baby boy.

Miss Emma McGinnis of 1213 T. St. N. W., is confined to her room with a severe co'd.

Rev, Sandy Alexander one of the oldest baptist ministers in this city was buried from the Metropolitan Church this week.

Miss Julia Taylor who resides on 3rd street northwest is spending Easter week in Annapolis, Md., with friends.

Misses Ida Washington and Julia Davis spent the Easter holid ys in Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr Thomas Eatman of 231 C Street, Southwest, is out again after three weeks severe illness.

Mrs Wilkerson of 1528 New Jersey avenue, northwest who has been ill for some time is improving to the delight of her many friends.

Hon. Henry P. Cheatham left the city last Friday night on his way to Norfolk, Va., where he will attend to some very important business

Miss Grace Campbell is taking a course of studies at Howard University Miss Campbell is a very beautifull young lady and is an honor to the race.

Miss Bertie Mason has resumed her duties in the office of the Recorder of Deeds.

Rev. Dr. W. B. Johnson pastor of the econd Baptist Church baptised several members last Sunday morn ing.

Miss Gertrude Washington is expected in the city in a few days from Philadelphia. She will spend the summer here.

Mrs. Mamie Jackson of 2212 12th street northwest is able to be out again Mrs. Jackson has b en very ill for a few weeks.

Mr. Charlie L. Wilson is now in Marion N. C , where will spend some time.

Miss Minnie Crutchfield has been appointed to a position in the Govern ment Printing Office.

Messrs. Edgar E. Ricks, W. B. Har- and J. S. Tucker o the Bureau of Internal Revenue and R. L. Montgomery of the Treasurer's office are four of the most popular and poli e messengers of the Treasury Department.

Mrs Hyler Waugh of Jersey City, formerly of this city, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Pannell. Mr. and Mrs Waugh will leave in a few days for Greensboro, N. C.

The Second Baptist Lyceum had the honor of having with it last Sunday, Prof. C. C. White, Dr. George H. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Pelham, Miss Johnson and others. The Ly ceum was quite a success.

Miss Erma Richardson left the city last week to spend the Easter Holidays in Philadelphia, Pa. She spent her time ob erving the Kinder garten work of that city.

SAYINGS OF CHILDREN.

"Can you tell me what pride is?" asked the Sunday school teacher of a small pupil. "Yes'm," was the reply. "It's walking with a cane when you ain't lame."

Papa—"Tommy, if you had a little more spunk you would stand better in your class. Now, do you know what spunk is?" Tommy—"Yes, sir. It's the past participle of spank."

"Mamma," said five-year-old Bessie, "I'm going to be a duchess when I grow up." "How are you going to acquire the title, my dear?" asked her mother. "Just like other ladies do," replied Bessie. "I'm going to marry a Dutchman."

Small Willie one day asked his mother who made the trees and was told that God made them. A few days later an old colored man came to trim the trees, and, the little fellow seeing him at work, ran to his mother and exclaimed: "Oh, mamma, God's out in the yard repairing His trees!"

EAST SHORE EAGLES.

Bold Marauders, Savage Fighters and Wondrous at Flight.

Encounter Between Two Enraged Birds at an Elevation of 500 Feet —Carp Is the Worst Enemy They Have.

"The eagles of the Maryland coast," said a native of the eastern shore, to a New York Sun reporter, "while not so numerous as they once were, are as fierce and bold and aggressive as in the days when the farmers along the shore and upon the Susquehanna and Bay islands were compelled to employ shepherds to watch their flocks of sheep and protect them against the raids of these great winged marauders.

"The farmers would be compelled to do the same to-day if they were sheep growers still, which they are not, not a few of them having abandoned that branch of farming, in fact, because of the trouble and expense of guarding their flocks against eagles. This was particularly the case in the spring when the lambs were an important part of the flock.

"In spite of the shepherds even there were eagles bold and active and alert enough to swoop down, seize and carry off many lambs, sometimes dropping upon one so close to a shepherd that he could feel the wind from the broad wings of the bird as it ros with its prey.

"The fierceness of the eagles and the tenacity and power of the clutch they can put into their immense talons are well illustrated by a fight between two big fellows that Capt. Gallup, of Havre de Grace, saw one day. Capt. Gallup, for more than two generations a close observer of the manner and customs of the predatory birds of the coast, says that the eastern shre eagles can fly faster, soar higher, remain in their lofty flight longer and descend from it to the earth with more velocity than any other created thing with wings.

"This battle that he saw was between the two eagles in the air at an elevation of 500 feet. A long time the big, fierce birds fought with beak and talon and wing, rushing upon one

WITH BEAK AND TALON.

another, delivering their blows and retreating for advantage in a new attack.

"Then at last they clinched and fought at close quarters. In that position they came plunging to the earth, but neither made any effort to stay the fall, so fiercely intent were they upon their savage battle. They struck together in the freshly-turned furrow of a plowed field, and the impact failed to separate them or cause an instant's delay in the fight.

"It was continued with increased fury on the ground, and the coming upon the scene of a man with a club, with which he at once took part in the battle, did not distract their attention from one another and the man killed them both. Their talons were buried so deeply in each other that to separate the two eagles it was necessary to cut off their legs.

"A spread of wing of more than seven feet is by no means uncommon with these eagles. Ospreys are also numerous along the coast, and it is a familiar sight to see one on its way home with some big fish it has snatched from the shoal waters of the bay or among the Susquehanna islands, waylaid by some overpowering freebooter of an eagle that has been on the watch for a chance, and robbed of his prize.

"Frequently an eagle will try his own skill at fishing and pounce down on the carp that root on the bottom of the shoal water. These fish are sometimes so large that the eagle is unable to lift them from the water, but the bird is so obstinate that it will not release its hold, even when the fish carries it out into the deep rough waters of the bay.

"Eagles have been known to be drowned in that way by carp they have set their stubborn talons into and either refuse or are unable to free them again.

Roasts Turkey by Music.

A nobleman in Madrid combines music with his cooking apparatus. He has a musical spit in his kitchen: it will take several roasts at a time and play 24 tunes. The time required for cooking any particular joint or fowl is calculated according to the number of tunes played. Thus, turkey would be done nicely by the end of the eighteenth tune.

Voracity of the Bat.

In one night a bat can absorb and digest three times its own weight. A bat never has more than two little ones at a time.

CAUGHT THE MOUSE.

And Thereby Won the Respect of His Girl Employes.

How Manager Maynard Was Saved from a Cabal of Feminine Trickery and Flirtation Just in the Nick of Time.

When the firm decided to put young Maynard at the head of the mail-order department it was in the full knowledge that the change was an experiment. Maynard had proved a capable man wherever he had been placed in the great house, but this special department had always been under the car of grave, elderly, much-married men. Maynard was young, good-looking enough for romantic girls to dream over, and unmarried. When it is further added that his department included about 200 young women of varying degrees of beauty and sense, it will be seen that the firm had acted wisely in the past.

For two or three weeks, says the Chicago Daily News, he ran the gauntlet from eight o'clock in the morning until five o'clock at night. It was a gauntlet of languishing glances, flirtatious smiles, unending giggles and a steady stream of questions purporting to be strictly on business, but which were in the main silly enough to earn for the questioners their walking papers at the end of the week. At the end of two weeks he realized that he had utterly failed to establish the proper attitude between himself as head and the 200 young women making up the department. They regarded him plainly in the light of lawful prey, managerially and matrimonially. They had no respect whatever for his position as manager or as bachelor and they seemed to be acting as with one mind to remove both conditions.

On the third Monday he opened his desk with a sense of distaste an shrinking that he had never felt before. He acknowledged gushing go mornings crustily and had the satisfaction of hearing suppressed giggles

HELD THE MOUSE ALOFT.

in return. He sat immersed in business to his ears and refused to hear inconsequential remarks addressed coquettishly to him as maid after maid came up to get or deposit papers and files. Yet when the twenty-fifth girl had made her little speech, which whatever it might be, called for no answer, young Maynard realized that he was up against a cabal of feminine tricksters. In disgust he began to write out his resignation.

Suddenly from the center of the great room there rose a babel of voices, mingled with shrill screams. Two seconds more, and the whole roomful of girls were on chairs and desks, with skirts whirling about variously formed ankles. Yet there was no coquetry on the part of any one. Slim-ankled and thick-ankled girls had but one thought—the mouse that even then was scurrying away straight for the manager's desk.

Across the suddenly cleared floor pace he watched it come. Just as it arted past the corner of his desk laynard bent low and with a crafty urve of the hand just nipped the slim gray tail as its terrified owner slipped beneath the desk. A gasp issued from 200 throats as he held the little beas aloft by the tail.

He picked up some papers and walked quickly over to one of the three young women who more than any others had caused his soul to despair.

"Miss Dunning," he said, shortly, "I want copies of these letters. Please descend as soon as possible and get to work on them."

Miss Dunning shrank visibly from the struggling mouse he held close t her, and for the first time failed to giggle at his words. Then Maynard walked nonchalantly through an awed lane of womankind, flung up a window and deposited the mouse on the gutter ing that ran just below.

As Maynard walked back to his desl he was conscious of a new atmosphe in the room. There was no suppressed giggling, no unbearable self-consciousness. Every girl was at work. The manager had become in their eyes a superhuman being who was not to be trifled with.

Violins Made of Porcelain.

Porcelain violins and mandolins are coming into favor in Germany. They are said to be sweeter in tone than wooden instruments, and possess the further advantage of not being affected by the weather.

Where Sound Travels Far.

Very little wind prevails in the arctic regions, and this fact facilitates the transmission of sound. People there can converse when a mile apart. The cold and almost motionless air renders even a whisper quite distinct.

GERMAN INTERESTS.

German companies now have six steamers plying regularly on the river Yangtse between Shanghai and Hankow.

The German peasantry have a curious instrument called the nagelgeige or nail violin. It is a circular frame of wood in which are set 60 or 70 iron pins, played with a bow.

The custom of writing foolish begging letters to the emperor has become so prevalent in German schools that a warning has been sent out that it must stop or fines will be inflicted.

The authorities of Aix-la-Chapelle recently sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment a man who carelessly threw away a lighted match in a forest near that city, although no damage was caused by the act.

It is the practice in Berlin when any poor person dies and leaves no heir to have the bed disinfected and stamped by the official stamp of the town council. In this way a large number of beds are collected, and are then lent to the very poor.

Polecat in a Reservoir.

A polecat wandered into the reservoir at Winchester, Va., through an overflow pipe, and in a short time the water became so tainted that the entire supply had to be drawn off.

To Travel Among the Indians.

Dr. A. Hudlicks has just started on his fourth expedition among the Indians of southwestern United States and northern Mexico to continue his anthropological explorations.

Hard Luck.

"What's the trouble, Croesus; you seem as if you were in hard luck."

Croesus—Hard enough! Think of it; there I spend a small fortune on my daughter studying medicine and she—marries her first patient!—N. Y. Times.

A PIANO RECITAL!

ISS EEATRIZ L. CHASE

....WILL GIVE HER THIRD PIANO RECITAL....

IN THE

Fifthteenth Street Presbyterian Church

15th Street between I and K Streets N. W.

Friday, April 18, 1902

She will be assisted by her brother,

Wm Calvin Chase, Jr.

Both are Pupils of their Mother, Mrs. A. V. Chase.

Recital will begin promptly at 8 P. M,

Admission 25 Cents - Children 15 Cents

THE

"N. I. COUNCIL."

—WILL HOLD ITS—

Third National Convention in the Capital of Arkansas (Little Rock.) Commencing August 29, 1902, lasting three days.

The Council represents the Industrial Growth of the South. Both races will participate. Color is no bar. The race problem is not to be solved but the general building up of the country. The State will as last year send Commissioners. The Communities may elect mass delegates. State and local Industrial Councils will as all sections represent last meeting (Hall of Representatives Jackson, Miss., July 12 and 13, 1902. For general information write

S. P. Mitchell,

S. National President 503 D St., nw.

Washington, D. C.

P S.—Enclose stamps for reply. No color line.

PETER GROGAN,

Furniture for All Washington.

extraordinary

Furniture Bargins.

This is the banner week for furniture buyers. We are cleaning away our stocks in all departments at greatly reduced prices in order to make room for spring goods. Read this list carefully—and remember that we are ready to arrange the easist kind of credit terms. We guarantee the durability of every article. Carpets made, laid, and lined free.

Spring Mattings, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, also Baby Carriages and Go Carts, are ready.

Sample Blankets.

These magnificent California Blankets are reduced to a point that insures the quickest kind of clearance.

11-4 Blankets—worth $11—reduced to..... $6.49
11-4 Blankets—worth $16—reduced to.....$10 98
11-4 Blankets—worth $9—reduced to..... $4.48
11-4 Blankets worth—$19—reduced to.....$12.48
11-4 Blankets—worth $11—reduced to..... $7.98
11 4 Blankets—worth $15—reduced to..... ...$9 98
11-4 Blankets worth—$11.50—reduced to..... $8 25
11-4 Blankets—worth $16.50—reduced to $11.45

Lamps and Globes,

1 $10 Lamp and Globe.... $4.98
1 $8 Lamp and Globe....$5.75
1 $10 Lamp and Globe....$7.98
1 $12 Lamp and Globe. ...$8.58
1 $9 Lamp and Globe.... $6.75
1 $10 Lamp and Globe. . .$7 50

Toilet Sets.

These Toilet Sets are in handsome patterns, and beautifully decorated.

All $7.50 Toilet Sets—10 pieces each—cut to.....$5
All $6 50. Toilet Sets—10 pieces each—cut to..... ...$4.48

Bamboo Pieces.

1 Seat, was $2.00. now....$1.50
1 Seat, was $4 00. now....$3.00
1 Table, was $6.50. now ..$5 50
1 $6 Music Cabinet now...$4.50

In Carpets.

80c Brussels Carpet..... 59c yd
80c Tapestry Carpet.... 69c yd
$1 Tapestry Carpet.....79c yd
$1 Best Tapestry Carpet 87c yd
$1 10 Velvet Carpet....87½c yd
$1.30 Velvet Carpet....97½c yd
$1.30 Velvet Carpet...$1.12½ yd

Roman Sofas.

1 Sofa, was $12.50. now....$8.49
1 Sofa, was $27.50 now... $:4 00
1 Sofa, was $32 50, now...$26 90

PETER GROGAN,

817-819-8 1-8 3 7TH ST., N. W.

Between H and I Streets, Northwest.

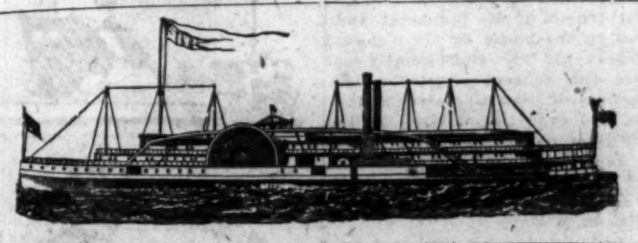
BE SURE TO GET THE SAFEST, SWIFTEST AND COMMODIOUS

STEAMER

RIVER QUEEN

FOR CHARTER SEASON 1902.

TO NOTELY HALL, UPPER GLYMONT, LOWER CEDAR POINT AND OTHER POINTS ON THE POTOMAC



The Swift and Commodius Steamer RIVER QUEEN, with Electric Lights and fitted up with all Modern Improvements and licensed by U. S. Inspector to carry 1000 Passengers. has just been thourghly over hauled and refitted for the Excursion Season 1902.

Can be Chartered to run Excursions to Notely Hall Upper Glymont Lower Cedar Point, and Rock Point.

...BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN FOR CHARTERS...

FOR TERMS APPLY TO

L. J. WOLLEN, General Manager.

Office: N Street Wharf, Clyde Line, Telephone 605-2. Main
Residence; 15 4 E. Capitol Street, Telephone 88 Y-2.

A New Arrival.

McJigger—I hear Mrs. Guggenheimer had a small German last night.

Thingumbob—Indeed! Great crowd of society people there, I suppose?

McJigger—No, only the doctor and the nurse, I believe.—Philadelphia Press.

Oldest Man in America.

The claim of Martin Head, of Napoleon, O., to being the oldest man in the United States is not well founded. Noah Raby, of New Jersey, who s at the Piscataway poor farm, located near New Brunswick, claims to be etween 130 and 140 years

Some Knowledge.

He—The young man who is paying attention to Miss Gotrox? Yes; he's a lawyer.

She—I understand he doesn't know anything about law.

He—W he knows enough about law to e that there's more money in matrimony.—Puck.

Stupid All Around.

Patience—I sent a postal card to Will last week, and forgot to put his name or address on it.

Patrice—Really?

"Yes; he must have thought me stupid when he got it.—Yonkers Statesman.

OOM PAUL IN EXILE

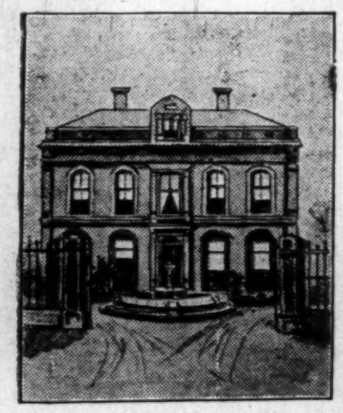
Final Scenes in the Long Career of President Kruger.

How the Pious Old Man Lives in the Little Town of Hilversum, Holland—His Spirit Not Crushed by Reverses.

The final scenes in the long and adventurous career of the ex-president of the South African republic, now on the point of absorption in the British dominion, are being enacted at a little town named Hilversum, in Holland. According to the latest advices, his end cannot be very far off, and one of the most remarkable men of the last century will disappear forever from the stage of human affairs. Mr. Kruger inhabits a small, two-storied house, known as Casa Cara, similar in every way to the residence of the wealthy Dutch merchants, and of the usual type of country houses in Holland. There are grounds surrounding the building in which the president spends a good portion of each day.

Hilversum is a town of about 28,000 inhabitants, and is half an hour's ride by rail from Amsterdam. It is a favorite country residence of the Dutch, being very healthful and quiet. Oom Paul rises early, according to his lifelong custom, takes a cup of black coffee the first thing in the morning, and when dressed repairs to the garden, where he remains as a rule, till half past nine. During this time he goes through his mail, which has previously been classified for him by his private secretary. He always takes with him on these occasions his two inseparable companions, a large pipe and a large old-fashioned Bible with large metal clasps.

Although he knows the sacred books almost by heart, especially those of the Old Testament, and can always quote an appropriate passage from the Bible suitable for any given emergency, yet he, nevertheless, reads his Bible every day under the shade of al arge tree in the pleasant grounds of the villa. At noon precisely, for Mr. Kruger is nothing if not methodical, he takes a cold



CASA KARA, HILVERSUM.
(Mr. Kruger's Modest Home in One of the Oldest Dutch Towns.)

luncheon with his party, which, as a rule, consists of his nephew, Mr. Eloff, who is also his private secretary, and Mr. Van Boschoeten, ex-chief of the Transvaal ministry; Messrs. Back van Ven and Breedel, who are in attendance on the aged ex-president. His faithful servitor, Happe, and a Belgian physician, Dr. Heymans, always accompany him. The latter has forbidden him the use of any wine or liquors, his only drink being mineral water. After luncheon Mr. Kruger takes a siesta, which lasts till four o'clock in the afternoon. He then goes for a drive in a carriage bearing the former arms and escuteheon of the Transvaal, and returns to the house by six o'clock. It pleases the old man greatly to observe the general respect which he meets with from all classes of the public, and even the children strike up the Boer national anthem, which every one knows in Holland, as he passes by. He takes supper at half past six, and retires invariably at eight p. m.

His undaunted spirit does not appear to be crushed by the reverses which have overtaken his beloved country, and from time to time he observes: "We are strong as ever we were; we can continue this fight right along, and will never admit defeat;" brave, but ill-considered expressions from the lips of this most remarkable old man whose name will undoubtedly drift down to the remotest posterity.

The Anointing of Kings.

The question as to whether King Edward should be anointed at his coronation and if so what form the ceremony would take is bringing to light some interesting stories as to the way in which the rite was formerly performed. Edward VI., the last of the former Edwards, had a difficult time, more difficult than that of Richard Crookback, who was stripped to the waist. Edward VI. lay prostrate on the altar while Archbishop Cranmer rubbed his back much in the same way as wives rubbed embrocation on the backs of rheumatic husbands. In former days the holy oil with which the king was anointed was suppposed to hedge him with divinity, so in those rough times it was natural that a king should hasten his coronation. Witches were forbidden to attend the ceremony.

Prussia Religious Service.

The Prussian prayer book enjoins that the whole of the service, including the sermon, shall not last above one hour.

THE WISE OLD RAT.

He Scolded the Young Rats Who Got Caught, and Then Coolly Opened the Trap.

A man from Baring, Me., came into Calais lately and unfolded a rat story that has by unanimous consent been placed first in the local book of fact and fiction. Daniel Pike, who told the story, declared that it was true to the last word, and offered to go before a justice of the peace and make oath to that effect.

Mr. Pike had been bothered by rats in his barn, and after inspecting all the ancient and modern devices for the capture of rats, selected one of the wire-cage variety. The first morning after the trap had been set he went to

OPENED THE TRAP DOOR.

the barn and found it nearly full of half-grown rats, but not an old rat in the collection.

On the following morning he went out again, and found the same result. Thinking that the presence of the captives would attract others, he decided not to empty the trap for an hour or two, and went away.

When he came back the trap was empty. Pike was astonished, and asked the hired man about it, but the man declared that no one had been in the barn except himself, and that he had not touched the trap.

The next day and the next a like strange filling and emptying of the trap occurred, and Pike determined to keep watch to see how the thing was done. When the next batch of young rats had been caught he concealed himself in the barn loft and waited.

When he had been on watch about half an hour he saw a hoary old rat approach the trap and apparently begin a sort of cross-examination of the prisoners. Then, after satisfying himself as to the exact condition of things, the cute old rat, to the amazement of Pike, deliberately poked his paw between the wires of the cage and tilted up the weight that kept in place the little trap door through which his young friends and relatives had fallen.

This opened the trap door sufficiently to let all the prisoners out, and away they scampered, the old rat bringing up the rear, and all squeaking joyously. Farmer Pike sat for a minute speechless with amazement. Then he said, simply but energetically:

"Well, I'll be hanged!" and climbed down.

JUSTICE VERSUS LAW.

Pennsylvania Magistrate Orders Wives to Beat Their Husbands If They Abuse Them.

Alderman John F. Donohue, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., first won fame when he descended from his bench and soundly thrashed a man who had beaten his wife several times. He is ready to inflict similar punishment any time it is needed.

In his office, he says, justice reigns, even though the law always does

"YOU THRASH HIM HARD."

not. He believes that all the law in Blackstone fails to fit some of the cases which are brought before him. In passing upon the case of a young man arrested for wife beating (it was his first offense), he said:

"You go home and buy your wife a stout club—a pick-handle will do nicely. I command your wife every time you come home drunk and abusive, to take the club and lay it on you hard and often. Every time you swear at her she is to do the same thing; every time you refuse to bring in coal to her she will thrash you. And you, madam," turning to the tearful wife, "I insist that you obey me in this. You thrash him hard each time he does not act as a good, sober and industrious husband should. If he strikes back, you just let me know and he will be sorry he was born."

As an evidence of the effectiveness of this justice the couple have lived happily together ever since, and the club has never been used, the fear of it and the squire keeping the husband well behaved.

Announcement
—OF—
Voight, Jeweler,
725 SEVENTH STREET N. W.
(*Next to Johnson's Grocery*)

I beg to announce that I have just returned from New York, where have made extensive purchases in Jewelery and Silverware. The same have rived, are unpacked, and ready for your inspection.

Ladies' 14k, Solid Gold Watches, $20; sold elsewhere; $25
Ladies' Solid Gold Rings, $1, $1.50, $2.50 and $3.50; worth twice the price;
Ladies' Genuine Diamond Rings, $5 up too $100; all of them gems.
Ladies' Solid Gold Lorgnette Chaines, $7 up too $16; all the latest styles.
Ladies' Solid Gold Brooches. $2.50 up too $25.
Gents' Solid Gold Dumb bell Sleeve buttons, $3.50; a useful present.
Gents' 14k. Gold-filled Chains, $2.00 warranted for five years' wear.
Gents' Diamond Sleeve Butons, $5 up; a little gem in each button.
Gent's Diamond Studs, $7.50 up.
Gents' Solid Gold Rings, with genuine stones, from $4 up.
Solid Silver Thimbles, 25c.
Solid Silver Teaspoons, from $4 00 half dozen up.
Ladies's Silver Watches, $4 and $5.

VOIGT, 725 7th St. N. W

Established 1863. Established 1863.

A. HERMAN,
RELIABLE CLOTHIER.
738 7th St, N.W
[Corner H Street.]

George Nesline.
ALL KINDS OF WINE 25 CENTS BOTTLE

Look Out For a Dry Sunday.

Eight Bottles Beer 25 Cts.

Wilson Whiskey Original Package	90c
Silver Creek Pnre Rye	40c pt
Washington Club Rye	40c pt
Return Baltimore Rye	40c pt
Pride of Virginia Pure Rye	20c pt
Holland Gin Pure doubled distilled	40c pt
Holland Gin	20c pt
North Carolina Corn Whiskey	20c pt
Apple Brandy	20c pt
Pure Old Rye Whiskey	30c pt
Buttercup Rock and Rye	25c pt

GEORG NESLINE,
625 L St, N. W.

GEORGE & Co.
908 7th Street, N. W.
...SPECIAL SALE OF HATS $1.39...
Our stock is now complete in all departments with useful and tasteful Christmas Presents. Our line of Boys Overcoats is unsurpassed from $2.50 up. Mens Yoke Overcoats 7.50 up.
908 Seven Street, Northwest

Sympathy Between Twins.

Twin brothers living in Anderson county, Kentucky, are said by the Harrodsburg Democrat to have married sisters, and to each have been born three children of the same sex, with the same birthdays. One felt a shock in his foot and said the other, who was ten miles away, had been hurt. In the evening the absent brother turned up with three mashed toes. The twins weigh the same to an ounce.

Treasures of the Aztecs.

Explorers in the neighborhood of Chama, Guatemala, have discovered treasures during their excavations in search of mines. Coins and jewels, decorating corpses buried centuries ago by the Aztecs and Montezumas, have been found. So far the valuables have amounted to over $50,000. Workmen on the Chama plantations are wild, and have abandoned their usual work to hunt for buried treasures.

R·I·P·A·N·S
No matter what the matter is, one will do you good, and you can get ten for five cents.

A new style packet containing THE RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) to pay for only a trifle more than the empty glass. FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (SIX TABULES) will be sent for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

Dr. CZARRA,
RUPTURE CURE
—BY—

The latest Medical discovery, without pain, cutting, loss of time, or any of the dangerous infections. A physician from the South examined one of my cases, not knowing a rupture existed, pronounced him cured, showing the superiority of our method. A physician now under treatment says he has derived more benefit in the three weeks with us than by any other method for years.

Lost by dreams fully restored and all private diseases of both sexes, blood, skin, rheumatism, piles, stricture, bladder, kidney, hydrocele, varicocle, in old and s—called incurable cases, cured.

X RAY FOR EXAMINATION, DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT.

The most cases solicited at the X Ray Medical Institution Urine examined Chemically and Microscopically.

CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE

317 Sixth Street, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.,

CAPITAL SAVINGS BANK.
609 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C
Capital - - - $50,000
Hon. John R. Lynch, President.
J. A. Johnson, Vice-President
R. H. Terrell, Secretary
L. C. Bailey, Treasurer
D. B. McCary, Cashier

Directors:
John R. Lynch, Dr. W. S. Lofton, Warfield, McKinley, L. C. Bailey, Robert H. Terrell, W. S. Montgomery, Wyatt Archer, John A. Pierre, Henry E. Baker, J. T. Bradford, J. A. Johnson, Dr. A. W. Tancil, Howard H. William.

Deposits received from 10 cents upward. Interest allowed on $5 00 and above Collections meet with prompt attention. A general exchange and banking business done.

O'HAGAN C. JEROME,
of Roseau, Dominica, B. W. I.,
Photographer.
STUDIO: 1248 9th St. N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

TRY THE "NEW HOME" SEWING MACHINE.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS showing the different styles of Sewing Machines we manufacture and their prices before you purchase any other.
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.,
ORANGE, MASS.
Union Square, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
Dallas, Texas. San Francisco, Cal. Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE BY

First Aid to Affluence.

"I care not for gold—though I shall not conceal
A certain vague yearning for pelf.
But just give me stock in the metal called steel
And the gold will take care of itself."
—Washington Star.

I shall in this column endeavor to answer all correspondence that may be sent and urgently request young ladies to read this column, and any questions that they wished answered please send them in before Saturday of each week.

BY MISS MAY CLEMATIS.

B. M. Be truthful and true to your friends.

Esther. The way to hold your friends is to be kind to them.

E. T. Don't imagine that you want everything you see.

Lillie. You may alleviate the friendship of those who are true to you by prevaricating.

D. T. You can never tell the value of a true friend until you lose him.

E. A. It is best to have some stability.

E. M. Don't believe all you hear. For goodness sake trust some one.

H. H. We shall miss you. How long do you anticipate on remaining.

T. O. Do as you are told. if it is right.

R. T. The most fashionable person in the world is the one who dresses with taste.

Etta. You should know what to do and try and do it.

J. T. A person whose mind is unbalanced should certainly come to some discussion.

L. T. You may drive your friends from you by your actions.

Norah. You never know the importance of your friends until you are in need.

T. M. The most noble woman is the one who know how to do noble deeds.

M. M. Let the event take place and don't postpone again. Your friends are uncertain.

N. M. The article may be a dream, but be careful and have your own wants supplied.

Estelle. You may be influenced by outward appearance, but, you will find more solidity in a true friend.

Rachel. Some people get tired to quickly and after they have realized their folly, they cannot retrace their steps.

Marie. It is a bad publicy for any young lady to make an engagement with two young men for the same evening.

Mamie. Don't allow your self to be addressed in familiar terms, in company or anywhere else.

Grace. When a man persists in calling on a lady against her will, she should excuse herself or send him word she is engaged. After doing this once or twice, I think he will comprehend.

Bessie. It is the true and noble woman who is satisfied with small things.

Isy. It is in bad taste to allow others to think that you are anxious for their company.

Rosetta A company of ladies may attend a theater without an escort. Indeed, it is better to go alone than to have one to think that his company is needed.

Y T. You should not come to the conclusion that all people are mean. We some times fail to thank those who assist us.

B. B. Some people never show their independence and indifference until you can do them no good. Never be ungrateful, neither should you be to your best friend.

R. I. The nobelest quality in woman is when She is true to her trust and can appreciate those who have be friended her

Young girls should be more careful and not accepts gifts from young men.

Courtships are long and married life short.

You can command respect if you respect yourself.

Don't imagine yourself more important than you are.

Girls are most happy when they are doing well.

Don't join a dancing class where your social inferiors are.

The fashionable girl is the attractive girl.

Young girls should not be ashamed to work.

Young ladies should know how to keep house.

Divorces are caused because wives are failures.

Study the art of keeping house.

You should know how to make your own clothes, although you may not have cause to make them.

Increase in Railway Mileage.

The average increase in the length of railways throughout the world is about 11,000 miles per annum, equal to nearly 2½ per cent. of the total lines existing, which at the beginning of this century embraced nearly 480,000 miles. Of the increase during recent years 4,100 miles per annum are added to the European system, 3,500 miles per annum to the American system, while the addition in Asia is at the rate of 2,250 miles, in Africa 1,100 miles, and in Australia 160 miles per annum.

MYSTERY OF CRIME.

Paris Revels in a Series of Sensational Homicides.

Artist Kills His Model for the Sake of Realism — Suicides Wear Orange Blossoms — Wants to Be Guillotined.

For the picturesque and the sensational in crime there is no country that can begin to match France. Scarcely a week passes that the newspapers do not print the details of a murder that reads like a bit of Gaboriau fiction, or the fantastic dreams of Edgar Allen Poe. Such theatrical attributes seem to belong naturally to the French character, which loves odd, weird or fanciful effects in everything. The word "bizarre" was created in the language to fit this national characteristic.

Only the other day a man employed in one of the government offices in Paris killed his wife in their suburban home under circumstances of the most extreme cruelty. Then he went to his bedroom, and, preparatory to taking his own life, sat down and wrote a calm, psychological treatise on how it feels to be a murderer.

In the Vilette quarter of the capital a young man two or three nights ago climbed to the second story window of his own house (though he had the keys of the front door in his pocket), entered his own bedroom where his wife and child were sleeping, murdered them then and there, climbed out of the window and down to the ground again, and was skulking away like a duty-done burglar when arrested.

A French artist of the Latin quarter was ten days ago putting the finishing touches on his painting, "The Death of Venus," which he meant to be his masterpiece. So that his model would be lifelike, or rather, deathlike, he had been in the habit of hypnotizing her during the three hours she posed each day. That last day he grew dissatisfied with the flesh tints he had

CLIMBED INTO HIS OWN WINDOW.

imparted to Venus, so he administered a fatal dose of chloroform to the sleeping woman. After she had passed from partial unconsciousness to death, he copied with marvelous accuracy the precise hues of the dead model's flesh. He worked all through the night and by daylight had finished the painting to his own satisfaction. Then he wrote a few words on three separate sheets of paper. One he fastened in the dead woman's hand; a second he attached to the still moist canvas, and the third he placed, like a headstone, against the pillow of his couch, where he threw himself after swallowing the rest of the chloroform that was left in the little vial.

When a friend of the artist visited the studio that afternoon he read the story of the tragedy in the three slips of paper. The lead-penciled epitaph of the girl read: "She died for Art." The inscription above the painter's head was: "He strove for immortality." The paper hanging from the painting bore the words: "Their monument."

The police fished out from the Martin canal the bodies of a man and woman who had obviously committed suicide because they had been crossed in love. They were clasped in each other's arms, and around their waists, binding them to each other, was a stout rope, in the strands of which were entwined artificial orange blossoms.

Only the other day two young men, armed with daggers, fought a desperate duel near Billancourt, in the outskirts of Paris. They selected a moonlight night as the time, a deserted road as the place, and added a further picturesque effect to the episode by each of them mounting a bicycle for the encounter.

A characteristically French criminal, who had been sentenced to death for a murder committed a year ago in Havre, has written to the president of the republic protesting against a commutation of the sentence, and explaining that he had committed the murder for the sole purpose of being guillotined, "as he had had an intense desire, ever since childhood, to learn the brain conditions of a man immediately after he is beheaded."

Big Trade in Butterflies.

The trade in rare butterflies is increasing in London, and ingenious deception is practiced regarding them. Ordinary butterflies are caught and killed; then girls are employed to smear the gauzy wings with thin mucilage, and sprinkle fine metallic powder of various colors on the wings. In this way the collector can be gifted with the most beautiful specimens almost while he waits.

HONOR FOR CHICAGOAN.

Robert S. McCormick, Envoy to Austria-Hungary, Soon to Be Made an Ambassador.

With the elevation of the legation of Austria-Hungary to an embassy Robert S. McCormick, the present minister of the United States to Austria-Hungary, will be raised to the rank of ambassador, will assume privileges never before granted to an American minister to that country and will have his salary raised from $12,000 to $17,000 a year.

Mr. McCormick is a Chicago man and before he was given his appointment as minister at Vienna he lived in that city many years. He has a large circle of friends in Chicago,

ROBERT S. M'CORMICK.
(Minister of the United States at Vienna, Austria.)

and a number of wealthy and distinguished relatives.

The staff of an ambassador is much the same as that of a legation, but there are more privileges and greater distinctions. An ambassador is called upon to do a great deal more entertaining than a minister, and is required to make a greater show of splendor and magnificence. The rank is much higher and the recognition is more courtly and official.

The elevation of the Austria-Hungarian legation to the United States to an embassy is an important diplomatic move on the part of Austria-Hungary and marks an important epoch in the relations of the two countries. The fact that there has never been an embassy is generally supposed to have been due to a coolness on the part of Austria-Hungary to the United States on account of a disturbance in this country in which a mob of Hungarians was roughly handled. The action of the Austria-Hungarian government in appointing its minister, Ladislaus Hengelmuller von Hengelvar, to the rank of an ambassador, is taken in this country as an indication that the government wishes all former breaches to be healed and a spirit of cordiality established.

Mr. McCormick is very popular in Vienna, and it is rumored that he has had more than a little to do with the recent action of the Austria-Hungarian government in elevating its legation to an embassy. The initiative in the matter was taken by Austria-Hungary's foreign minister, Count Goluchowski, and as it is the custom in diplomatic relations to always respond to such an elevation by a similar one in this country, Mr. McCormick will be made ambassador as soon as Mr. Hengelmuller is officially recognized as such in this country.

VASE FOR PRINCESS.

Rare Work of Art Presented to Prince Henry's Wife by the German Ladies of Chicago.

A handsome silver vase, two feet high, with a gold lining, was the present which the wives of the members of the Germania club of Chicago made to Princess Irene, wife of Prince Henry, through the courtesies of the prince while in that city. After it has been admired for a few days at the Germania club it will be packed up and

VASE FOR PRINCESS IRENE.
(Presented to Prince Henry's Wife by Chicago Ladies.)

sent to Berlin in time to reach there when the prince arrives, so that it can be given by him at once to the princess. The presentation was made during the reception at the Germania club immediately following the luncheon which the men of the club had given the prince. The vase has on one side a figure of Aurora in relief. She stands, or rather floats, in the rays of the rising sun, with ribbons streaming from her hands. Morning glories are the flowers which complete the decoration on that side of the vase. A rooster is the decoration on the opposite side. The present was not offered until after permission had been received from Prince Henry, and the cost was contributed by the women of the reception committee and others.

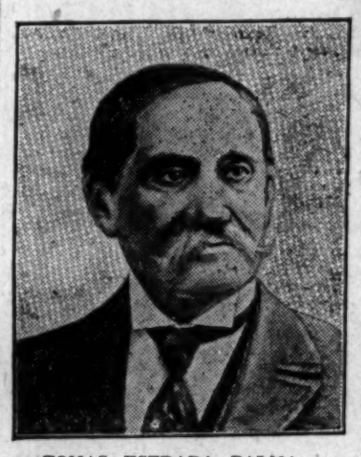
THE CUBAN REPUBLIC

Its Government to Be Inaugurated on February 24.

Tomas Estrada Palma, the President-Elect, Believes That Future of Island Depends on American Friendship.

The Cuban election for presidential and senatorial electors and members of the house of representatives and governors of provinces on January 1 resulted in the choice of electors who will cast their votes on February 24 for Gen. Tomas Estrada Palma for president and Dr. Luis Estevez, once secretary of justice in Gen. Wood's cabinet, for vice president of the republic. There was practically no opposition at the polls, Gen. Maso, the opposing candidate, having withdrawn; but there were partisan expressions of dissatisfaction. Gen. Palma was called by his political enemies the American candidate and the candidate of the bureaucracy; but the best evidence is of at least acquiescence if not satisfaction.

Gen. Palma may properly be called the American candidate in this sense—that he accepts the settlement of the whole Cuban question that was brought about under the Platt resolution. For this there could have been no other choice of a president so fit. He is a Cuban by birth and a lawyer by early training. His father was a rich planter in the province of Santiago when the so-called Ten Years' war against Spain began in 1868, and his property was confiscated and his wife was killed. Young Palma enlisted and attained high military rank, and he was at last chosen president of the provisional government of the island. After nearly nine years' fighting he was carried to Spain as a prisoner; he refused to swear allegiance to Spain as the price of freedom, but when the insurrection ended he was released and he



TOMAS ESTRADA PALMA.
(To Be Formally Elected President of Cuba February 24.)

came to the United States. He soon went to Honduras, where for a time he held important public positions, and married a daughter of the president of Honduras. He returned to the United States, and made his home at the village of Central Valley in New York, where he has kept a school for Cuban boys. He has not been in Cuba for 20 years.

In 1895 he became the head of the Cuban junta in New York, and did energetic service against Spain. He was elected the first president of the Cuban republic without an effort on his part. He is now 66 years old, and he is a man in whom the conservative citizens both of Cuba and of the United States have confidence.

On the day after his election Mr. Palma declared that the principal object of the Cuban republic should be, first of all, to secure the most friendly relations with the American people, who helped the Cubans in the hour of need. They should always bear in mind the work of the United States in helping them to obtain their independence from Spanish rule. At the same time they should try to secure from the Washington government all the advantages possible for their products by reasonable reductions of the import duties, especially on sugar and tobacco, as this is the only way for Cuba to escape the absolute ruin of these two industries, which are the basis of its actual wealth.

The sulking and dissatisfied party, whose leader is Gen. Bartoleme Maso, has the possibility of mischievous opposition—not open opposition of the American kind, but rather the sort of treachery which is too often the Latin-American method of opposition.

Marriage Brokers in Italy.

Marriage brokers are a regular institution in Italy. In Genoa there are several marriage brokers, who have pocketbooks filled with the names of marriageable girls of the different classes, with notes of their figures, personal attractions, fortune and other circumstances. These brokers go about endeavoring to arrange matrimonial alliances in the same offhand mercantile manner which they would bring to bear upon a purely business transaction, and when they succeed they get a commission of two or three per cent. upon the dowry, with such extras of bonuses as may be voluntarily bestowed by the party.

Suggestion for Patriots.

Unless some patriotic society comes to the rescue the building in Richmond, Va., in which Patrick Henry delivered his famous speech will be torn down soon to make room for stores.

The Latest Catch Phrase.

"It's early yet" is the latest catch phrase to take up its travels.

ATTENTION LA S

-Hair Restorer.-

All who are desirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairoline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer Oriental Complexion Cre m ao cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale.

1304 4th Street Northwest.
Agency at THE BEE Office.

J. H. Dabney,
Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stable carriages hired for funerals ties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 3rd Street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office Main 1727
Telephone call for Stable Main 1482-5.

Our Stables, In Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing First-class work.

1132 3rd St. n. w.
J. H. DABNEY,
Proprietor

SPIRITUAL WEDDING.

Buxom Widow of Middle Age Becomes the Devoted Wife of a Ghostly Bridegroom.

Detroit, Mich., has been greatly stirred up in spiritualistic circles by the recent solemnization of a wedding ceremony which is one of the most remarkable and unique of modern times. It was the marriage of Mrs. Sarah Williams, a middle-aged and attractive widow, to the spirit of Theodore Comstock, a Michigan miller, who has been dead a number of years. The courtship and wedding has ben conducted under the direction of a band of guardian spirits numbering ten, and the ceremony was performed at the same time

JUST AFTER THE CEREMONY.

in the spirit world, the duties of a clergyman being assumed by the spirit of a Mrs. Wilson, who officiated through the organism of a medium, she conducting the ceremony as a minister would, only in different words.

Mr. Comstock is now engaged in the work of materialization and trumpet bearing around the room and singing hymns by a concentration of spirit forces.

"Nearer, My God, to Thee," was sung at the ceremony, while the medium was entranced. Mr. Comstock was an Englishman by birth, and a chemist, and his spirit bride says that this is why he is a fine subject for materialization, chemists being particularly susceptible to that work through good mediums. The band of spirits that guard the bride have taken Mr. Comstock in and will form a spirit lodge, controlling the movements of the newly wedded pair. In her picture Mrs. Comstock wears her bridal gown.

Figured Out.

"There is one peculiarly striking thing which I have observed during my 50 years of studying economics," said the gray-haired sage.

"And that is?"

"That the man who howls for a state of things whereby all men shall own the same amount of this world's goods is the man who has nothing, never did have anything, and wouldn't be able to keep it if he did have it."—San Francisco Bulletin.

The Modern Tantalus.

"What's de matter wif Mistuh 'Rastus Pinkly?" inquired one of the belles of the parlor society.

"He has a heap o' trouble," answered the other. "Did you eber hyuh 'bout de 'gemman in de schoolbook dat was stahvin' wif victuals in sight?"

"Yassindeed."

"Well, dat's de position Mistuh 'Rastus is in. He's been 'p'inted janitor to a poultry show."—Washington Star.

THE WASHINGTON BEE

GASKINS & GUIRES
ACADEMY——
RESTAURANT
320 8TH STREET N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Opposite KANN'S.

Here can be found all the delicacies known to gastronomy, carefully selected by the proprietors and prepared by a well known cuisinier. All leading brands of Wines, Liquors and cigars—imported and domestic

THE——
Shoreham
15th and H Sts., n. w.
JOHN T. DEVINE.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

COCHRAN—
—HOTEL
14 and K Sts. Northwest.
Strictly First-Class Mea

The—:-
Fredonia,
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL
AMERICAN PLAN —— EUROPEAN PLAN
1321-1323 H Street Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
WASHINGTON DANENHOWER,
PROPRIETOR.

HOTELS.
BALTIMORE.

The Stafford
EUROPEAN PLAN: ROOMS ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF AND UPWARDS:
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF:
EQUIPPED WITH ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
SITUATED ON WASHINGTON PLACE, AT THE POINT OF WASHINGTON MONUMENT, IN THE MOST FASHIONABLE PART OF THE CITY, CONVENIENT TO DEPOTS, THEATRES AND BUSINESS CENTERS.
CUISINE UNEXCELLED.
JAMES P. A. O'CONNOR,
MANAGER
Baltimore, Md.

W. Calvin Chase,
Attorney and Counselor at Law
—AND—
—Notary Public—
Practices in all the Courts in Virginia and the District of Columbia.
Office 1100 I Street, n. w.
Washington, D. C.

Butterflies in the Arctics.

Mountain climbers often find butterflies lying frozen on the snow, and so brittle that they break unless they are carefully handled. Such frozen butterflies, on being taken to a warmer temperature, revive and fly away. Six species of butterflies have been found within a few hundred miles of the north pole.

The Effects of Lightning.

Out of every three persons struck by lightning two recover.

Master Chas. E. Cheatham has an offer of a position with the New York and Boston Steam Packing Company at $85.00 per month with room and board. Master Cheatham is not quite 16 years of age.

Colored soldiers and sailors who took part in the Spanish American war have organized the Clark Young Command, 112 Spanish war veterans. Capt. Samuel B. Walker is in command and is growing.

Saturday last Lawyer W. C. Martin filed in the office of the Recorde of Deeds a certificate re-incorporating Rising Sun Lodge, No. 1365, G. U. O. of O F. of the District of Columbia under the provisions of the new code. Those authorized to sign and execute the certificate of incorporation were: William James Howard, James C. Dowling, Alex. S. Howard, H. Mansfield Adams, Robert W. Gilliam, Charles H. T. Over, Edgar E. Ricks, Richard H. Beverly and Caesar P. Griffin. The objects of the society are beneficial and fraternal. The certificate was prepared by Lawyer Martin, who is a member of the Lodge.

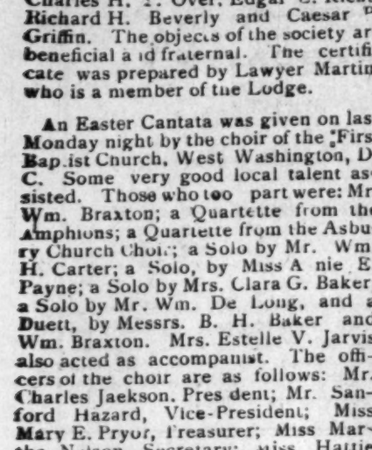
An Easter Cantata was given on last Monday night by the choir of the First Baptist Church, West Washington, D. C. Some very good local talent assisted. Those who too part were: Mr. Wm. Braxton; a Quartette from the Amphions; a Quartette from the Asbury Church Choir; a Solo by Mr. Wm. H. Carter; a Solo, by Miss Annie E. Payne; a Solo by Mrs. Clara G. Baker; a Solo by Mr. Wm. De Long, and a Duett, by Messrs. B. H. Baker and Wm. Braxton. Mrs. Estelle V. Jarvis also acted as accompanist. The officers of the choir are as follows: Mr. Charles Jaekson, President; Mr. Sanford Hazard, Vice-President; Miss Mary E. Pryor, Treasurer; Miss Martha Nelson, Secretary; Miss Hattie Williams, Organist; Mr. J. B. Walker, Director; Rev. J. B. Hill, Pastor.

There are many requests that the affair shall be repeated.

Do We Need A Sojourner Truth Hom ?

Tuesday a poor girl appealed to the Associated Charities as she was discharged from the Freedman's Hospital and had no place to go. No home, no friends, she applied to the Mission but could not be admitted on account of her color. Mr Weller had no place to put her for the night. The Sojourner Truth Home came to his mind. He wrote a letter to Miss M. K. Bowen and sent the girl to the Home. As there is no regular Matron there at this time Miss Bowen took the girl to her own home, gave her supper, took her back to the Home, arranged a bed for her and saw her comfortably fixed for the night. In the morning she gave her breakfast and escorted her to the Associated Charities' Office, from thence to the Board of Charities and assisted her to the ambulance which took her to the Washington Asylum. The girl is unable to work and without friends. This is only one of the many like cases which come to Miss Bowen and the Sojourner Truth Home.

Will not a few of our race loving women join and make the Home what it should be?



Rev. I. L. Walton.

The above cut represents the likeness of Rev. I. L. Walton, the chief Commissioner of the N. I. Council, an organization incorporated in the District of Columbia with locals over the United States. The organization is looking entirely to the Industrial Commercial and Judicial rights of the negro. Last National Convention Hall of Represen atives Jackson, Miss, decided to move the supreme office to this city which is now permantly located at 503 D St, n w. S. P. Mitchel the founder and President of the coucern is an exceptional young man to meet. All should consider the council's purposes.

HORN THE TAILOR.

If you want a fine spring suit of clothes, don't fail to call and see that well known tailor, Mr. Horn. He is the best cutter and fitter in the city,

and a man who will give you satisfaction. Mr Horn knows how to fit and he will give you the worth of your money. Call at once and get a fine spring suit, 937 F Street, N. W.

CHARLES STEIFF.

This is one of the best known piano manufacturers and sellers in the United States. If you want a first class instrument don't fail to call on him. See advertisement in another column.

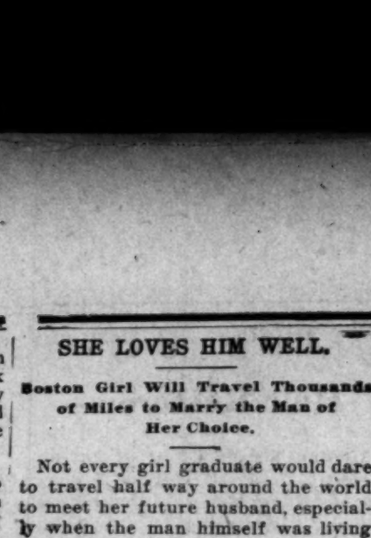
SHE LOVES HIM WELL.

Boston Girl Will Travel Thousands of Miles to Marry the Man of Her Choice.

Not every girl graduate would dare to travel half way around the world to meet her future husband, especially when the man himself was living in a war-torn island among semi-civilized natives. Miss Nettie Dodge, a Boston girl, dared to, though, and she is already on her way to the Philippines.

Her sweetheart, Walter Chapman, was recently appointed a teacher on the island of Negros, and he left Boston to take up his new duties there several weeks ago.

But for that appointment he and Miss Dodge would have been married



SHOWERED WITH RICE.

this spring, after her graduation from the Boston university, where she was in the class of 1901.

Mr. Chapman, who soon found his duties as teacher to the natives of the island of Negros were too multitudinous to be satisfactorily attended to by one teacher alone, wrote to his betrothed a few weeks ago suggesting that he needed an assistant. He intimated further that the assistant he most particularly wanted was named Miss Nettie Dodge. There was no reason, since he could not conveniently leave his school to return to this country for their wedding, why she should not join him there?

Miss Dodge thought out the proposition long and earnestly. Then she decided to accept it. Without any difficulty she obtained the appointment to the position of assistant to the school-teacher at Negros, and she is already on her way to join her sweetheart.

When she left Boston her young friends and classmates from the Boston university gave her such a send-off as only falls to the lot of brides. She was showered with rice, her trunk was decorated with pink ribbons and orange blossoms, and at the station, before the Pullman left, fraternity girls took pains to make a personal call on every passenger in the coach to inform them that the young lady was a bride-to-be.

GOAT HAS NINE LIVES.

Frozen Solidly Into a Cake of Ice, It's as Frisky as a Kitten When Thawed Out.

There was weeping and wailing in Tom Trecco's cabin at Brandt, Pa., when the family goat disappeared. At night it slept in the house, and at meal time it was always under the table. Few children were caressed as much as the goat, and it became the pet of the neighborhood. When it disappeared Tom drowned his sorrows in

HE BEHELD THE GOAT.

beer, and Little Italy went into mourning for two days. Men cutting ice from the Starrucca creek for the Erie railroad corps found its frozen body in the ice. The section of ice containing the goat's body was sawed out, carried to Tom's cabin and placed behind the stove. The neighbors dropped in at night, and over cases of beer commented on the many virtues of the late lamented. Mrs. Tom told the women that she would make a rug out of the goatskin, for a reminder of her dead pet.

When the guests had finally departed and Mr. and Mrs. Tom were left alone, the chunk of ice was moved nearer the stove, and the household went to bed. At daybreak there was a clash and clatter. Tom bounded downstairs to investigate.

His eyes fell upon the animate form of the goat, making a breakfast of an old hair cushion. He was a little stiff and bedraggled, but a day's careful nursing brought him around all right again. Tom bought a barrel of beer, took a day off and invited all the neighbors to make mer ..

FIGHT WITH TARPON

Big Fish Makes Things Lively for a Little While.

Boarded Its Captor's Boat and Made a Desperate Struggle for Existence—Judge King's Gallant Defense.

William King, of southern Texas, formerly a district judge, knows the tarpon pretty well as a tremendous fighter at the end of a line, a voracious feeder upon smaller fishes and an uncertain adversary until it has been gaffed deeply. He also knows as much about the tarpon as a catch-as-catch-can wrestler and clever two-handed pugilist as any man alive.

King, who is small and under weight but pugnacious, gained his knowledge in Arkansas bay. He and a party of friends went after tarpon in a small yacht-like craft that was fast and crank.

The boat was decked over except in the middle, where there was an opening four feet square above the cockpit, in which the party slept and did their eating and drinking. This cockpit has a room nearly as wide as the boat and some ten feet long. Its flooring was six feet below the opening.

Fishing was good, which is to say that every man in the party inside of an hour hung a tarpon or two and let it get away, which is the usual course of events. Finally, a member of the party got a strike, reefed the barb into his foeman as deeply as a strong arm and wrist could send it and the fun began. All of the others reeled in to get their tackle out of the way and watch the fight.

This tarpon, says the New York Sun, was possessed of a devil. It took out 200 feet of silk on its initial rush and the moment it felt the drag went a yard into the air. They saw that it was more than five feet long and the man who was playing it—or being played with—said that it weighed a ton.

The war, with ups and downs, lasted for more than an hour. Thrice the fish was reeled within five feet of the boat and each time broke

LEAPED A YARD INTO THE AIR.

away. King, who is excitable, had most of the hour danced from stem to stern, shouting advice, expostulation, encouragement and anathema.

When the tarpon was brought in for the fourth time it seemed utterly exhausted. It came heavily within a yard of the taffrail and its head was raised six inches from the water.

The lord high executioner of the band lifted his gaff to deal the fatal blow. With a mighty bound the fish rose from the water and crashed upon the deck. It was near the cockpit and not a foot from King.

With a lightning sweep of the tail it struck him across the knees, knocked him backward into the cockpit and fell after him, landing across his legs. Then, in the semi-darkness of the little cabin, ensued a combat that would have used up 50 pages of Victor Hugo's best work. It was Titanic.

The men above could see little, but they could hear the thud of blows, which fell like hail, the mighty thumps of falls, the rasping of heavy bodies on the planking, snorts, grunts, gasps and ejaculations.

The judge and the tarpon had fought the length of the cabin twice and all around the walls once, when a sailor jumped down with a hatchet and ended the match. There was a good deal of blood and scales everywhere, some of them in King's hair. The fish weighed nearly 120 pounds.

It is not an unheard-of thing for tarpon to leap on board of low-lying craft. There is an instance of a tremendous fellow jumping to the deck of a tugboat near the mouth of the Brazos river. It struck an iron stanchion a half-inch thick, bent it six inches out of plumb and flopped back into the water.

Needs But Little Here Below.

A method of living at little expense has for years been practiced by Rudolphus Bingham, of Merchantville, N. J. His age is now 75, and he spends for food only 7¾ cents a day. He is healthy, happy and lively, and declares that he has helped to bury many of his acquaintances who ridiculed his system of dieting.

Parisians Dote on Snails.

Eight hundred tons of snails were consumed by Parisians last year. The animals are bred in Burgundy and Savoy, where they are kept in inclosures formed of tarred palings, which they cannot climb over, and are fed upon vine leaves, which give them a delicate flavor.

BLACK SKIN REMOVER.

A Wonderful Face Bleach AND HAIR STRAIGHTENER.

both in a box for $1, or three boxes for $2. Guaranteed to do what we say and to be the "best in the world." One box is all that is required if used as directed.

A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.

A PEACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown person four or five shades lighter, and a mulatto person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours a shade or two lighter will be noticeable. It does not turn the skin in spots but bleaches out white, the skin remaining beautiful without continual use. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples or bumps or black heads, making the skin very soft and smooth. Small-pox pits, tan, liver spots are removed without harm to the skin. When you get the color you wish, stop using the preperation.

THE HAIR STRAIGHTENER

that goes in every one dollar box is enough to make anyone's hair grow long and straight, and keeps it from falling out. Highly perfumed and makes the hair soft and easy to comb. Many of our customers say one of our dollar boxes is worth ten dollars, yet we sell it for one dollar a box.

Any person sending us one dollar in a letter or Post-Office money order, express money order or registered letter, we will send it through the mail postage prepaid; or if you want it sent C. O. D., it will come by express, 25c. extra. In any case where it fails to do what we claim, we will return the money or ... free of charge. Packed so that know contents except receiver.

CRANE AND CO.,
122 West Broad Street,
RICHMOND, VA.

A Beautiful Brooche Free

...SUBSCRIBE NOW...

IF you want a beautiful Brooche, a Hand Painted Miniature Picture FREE, Send at once YOUR PHOTOGRAPH on Tin-Type and Receive a Hand Painted Brooche. These brooches are put in rolled gold frames. Every one guaranteed. For one dollar for 6 months subscription for THE BEE or two dollars for one year. If you send in your subscription for six months with your picture you will receive one Brooch of yourself or any one whose picture you may send, One Years subscription will entitle you to Two Brooches. Call and see samples or send your Subsription with Photograph or tin-type to

The Bee Printing Co.

1109 "I" Street, Northwest.

You Don't Need $500 OR $600

to purchase an instrument here. Our liberality has created our popularity. Our prices for high-class musical instruments are within the limits of reason and economy. IF YOU CAN

...Pay $5.00 or $6.00 Monthly for Either...

Piano OR Organ

we shall be happy to accommodate you. Let us talk the matter over We shall arrange satisfactory terms.

Sanders & tayman Co.

The Leading Piano, Organ, and Music House in the National Capital.

PERSCY S. FOSTER Manager. 1327 F Sree Nor hwest.

Baltimore Store, 15 North Charles Street.

ESTABLISED 1842. ESTABLISHED 1842

STIEFF PIANOS

Have stood the test for sixty years When buying from us you are dealing direct from the manufacturer.

WE HAV OTHER MAK S

Taken in trade which we can sell at low PRICES

UPRIGHT PIANOS AS LOW AS

$125, Square Pianos $25, Organs $15.

Terms to suit

Stieff Piano Warerooms,

521 11TH STREET N. W.

J. C. Conliff, Mgr.

Northern Light Pool Parlors.

11th and V Streets, N. W.

Strictly First Class... 2 1-2 Cents Per Cue.

Open from 8 a. m. to 11:45 p. m.

Silas Johnson, - Proprietor.

Unreasonable Man.

"Why do you and George quarrel so much?" asked the mother.

"He is so unreasonable," answered the fiancee. "I make it a point to let him have his own way once in ten times, and still he is not satisfied."—Chicago Post.

The Consolation Prize.

Louise—Alice has quit giving bridal presents.

Ethel—How queer! What is her reason?

Louise—Well, she says when a wedding invitation comes she feels happier if she takes some money and buys herself a new book.—Detroit Free Press.

Family Pride.

"Mr. Cumrox is only suffering from an ordinary cold, I believe," said the sympathetic visitor.

"Well," answered Mrs. Cumrox, "we've done our best to keep it from being ordinary. We've sent for the most expensive physician in the city."—Washington Star.

Mustn't Do It Again.

Poet—I was pleased to see my poem in your paper. Is there any money—

Editor—Oh, no; we shan't charge you anything this time. It is your first offense, you know. If, however, it is repeated, we cannot let you off again so easily.—Boston Transcript.

Easily Explained.

"I wonder why the baby cries so much," said the young mother.

"That's easy," answered the bachelor uncle.

"Why is it?" demanded the mother.

"Because it is a baby," replied the uncle.—Chicago Post.

No Mixed Drinks.

"Did the prisoner indulge in objurgations?" asked the young attorney of the witness.

"No, sir," replied the latter. "I never knew him to take anything but whisky."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Established, 1866

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE,

Gold and silver watches, diamonds jewelry, stols, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing appearal.

Old gold and silver bough
Unredeemed pledges for sale

Your Face

Will be wreathed with a most engaging smile, after you invest in a

White Sewing Machine

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW

PINCH TENSION,
TENSION INDICATOR
AND
AUTOMATIC TENSION RELEASER,

These most complete and useful devices ever added to any sewing machine.

The WHITE is

Durably and Handsomely Built.
Of Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment.
Sews ALL Sewable Articles,

And will serve and please you up to the full limit of your expectations.

ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in unoccupied territory. Liberal terms. Address,

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, O.

For GOOD Health

Buy pure food that appeals to your appetite.

Old Homestead and Grandma's

Brands, baked by Boston Baking Co., fill the bill. There are the

Best Breads in Town

For Sale by your Grocer. Look for your label to be sure you are getting the genuine article, as our bread is imitated everywhere

BOSTON BAKING COMPANY

119-129 1st Street, Foot U. S. Capitol Grounds.

NOTARY PUBLIC PHONE MAIN, 2481-2 — PENSION VOUCHERS AND CLAIMS EXECUTED

ZEPH P. MOORE,

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance.

1206 R Street, N. W

Washington, D. C.

Sold by all Newsdealers

J. W. PEPPER Piano Music Magazine

Furnishes Monthly to all lovers of Music a vast volume of New, Choice Copyright Compositions by the most popular authors,

64 Pages of Piano Music
10 Songs, 11 Instrumental
21 Complete Pieces for Piano
and 22 Pages of Musical Literature

Once a Month for 25 Cents.
Yearly Subscription, $2.00.
Six Months, $1.00.

In one year you get nearly 800 Pages of Music, comprising 252 Complete Pieces for the Piano. If bought in any music store at one-half off, would cost $6.00. If you will send us the name and address of Five performers on the Piano or Organ, we will send you a sample copy Free.

J. W. PEPPER, Publisher,
Eighth & Locust Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.